

Part No: PA.12

Description:

2.4GHz Band Dielectric Ceramic PIFA SMD Antenna for Bluetooth®/WLAN/ZigBee® Applications

Features:

2400-2484MHz 3.27dBi Peak Gain Size: 10*4*3mm Designed for the top left hand corner edge of the Component side of the boa (bottom right corner edge) SMD Mount

RoHS & REACH Compliant

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Introduction

1.



This specification covers the Dielectric PIFA Antenna for 2400-2484MHz, covering such applications as Wi-Fi[®], Bluetooth[®] and ZigBee[®]. A ceramic dielectric PIFA antenna offers smallest footprint, superior gain characteristics and improved isolation over traditional PCB based antennas. This antenna has been developed for the top left hand corner edge of the component side of the Board (bottom right corner edge), the antenna has to be positioned on a non-ground (copper/metal free) area with the feed-point matched direct to the module. Please refer to Recommended Foot print Diagram (8.0 Page 14.).

Many module manufacturers specify peak gain limits for any antennas that are to be connected to that module. Those peak gain limits are based on free-space conditions. In practice, the peak gain of an antenna tested in free-space can degrade by at least 1 or 2dBi when put inside a device. So ideally you should go for a slightly higher peak gain antenna than mentioned on the module specification to compensate for this effect, giving you better performance.

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•	•	•			•		
•	•						

Upon testing of any of our antennas with your device and a selection of appropriate layout, integration technique, or cable, Taoglas can make sure any of our antennas' peak gain will be below the peak gain limits. Taoglas can then issue a specification and/or report for the selected antenna in your device that will clearly show it complying with the peak gain limits, so you can be assured you are meeting regulatory requirements for that module.

For example, a module manufacturer may state that the antenna must have less than 2dBi peak gain, but you don't need to select an embedded antenna that has a peak gain of less than 2dBi in free-space. This will give you a less optimized solution. It is better to go for a slightly higher free-space peak gain of 3dBi or more if available. Once that antenna gets integrated into your device, performance will degrade below this 2dBi peak gain due to the effects of GND plane, surrounding components, and device housing. If you want to be absolutely sure, contact Taoglas and we will test. Choosing a Taoglas antenna with a higher peak gain than what is specified by the module manufacturer and enlisting our help will ensure you are getting the best performance possible without exceeding the peak gain limits.



2. Specifications

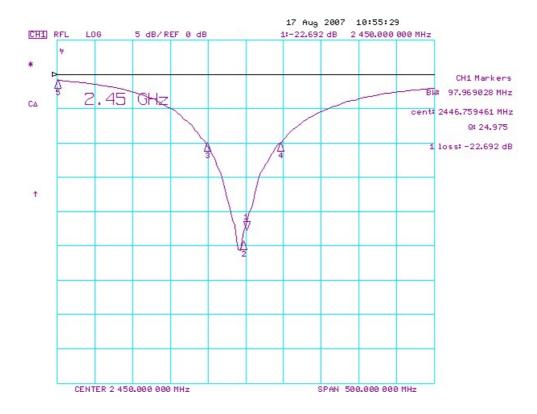
The antenna has the electrical characteristics given in Table 1 under the Taoglas standard installation conditions as shown in the Evaluation Board figure.

Electrical				
Working Frequency	2400MHz ~ 2484MHz			
Dimensions	10*4*3mm			
Peak Gain	3.27dBi max			
Polarization	Linear			
Impedance	50 Ω			
VSWR	2.0 max			
Operating Temperature	-40~+85°C			
Termination	Ag (Environmentally Friendly Lead-Free)			
Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL)	3			

* Data is measured on Taoglas Standard Reference PCB (40*80*0.8mm)



S11 Response Curve



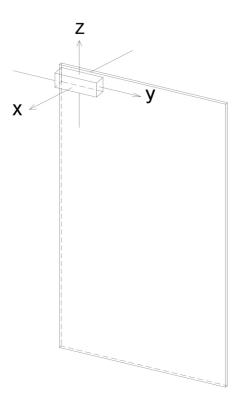
* Gain is measured on test PCB (40*80*0.8mm)

* Ant position: Left side, top corner, horizontal

3.



4. Test Position





5.1 Gain and Efficiency

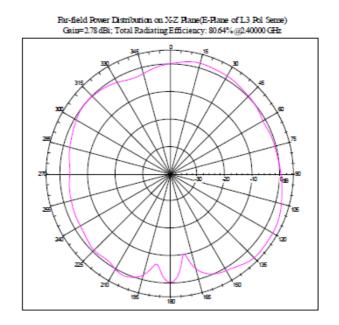
Frequency (GHz)	Peak Gain(dBi)	Efficiency (%)
2.4000	2.78	80.64
2.4420	3.12	85.65
2.4500	3.27	86.50
2.4835	2.76	75.91
2.5000	2.34	68.07

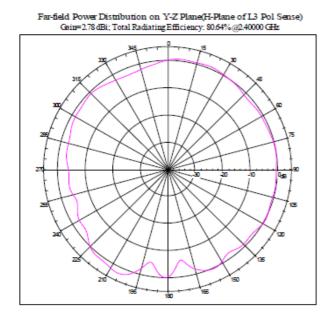
5.2 Power Average Gain

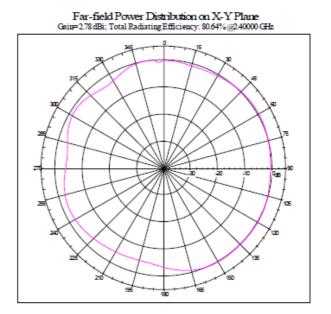
Frequency (GHz)	Plane	Average Gain (dB)
	XY Plane	-1.622
2.4000	YZ Plane	-1.324
	XZ Plane	-0.561
	XY Plane	-2.464
2.4420	YZ Plane	-0.859
	XZ Plane	-0.312
	XY Plane	-1.424
2.4500	YZ Plane	-0.950
	XZ Plane	-0.224
	XY Plane	-2.949
2.4835	YZ Plane	-1.548
	XZ Plane	-0.784
	XY Plane	-2.444
2.5000	YZ Plane	-2.084
	XZ Plane	-1.258



6.1 Frequency: 2.400GHz

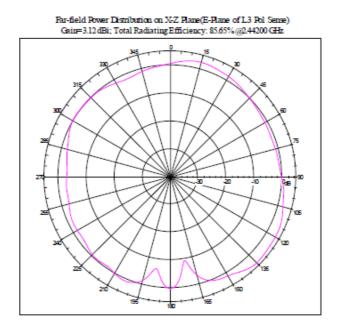


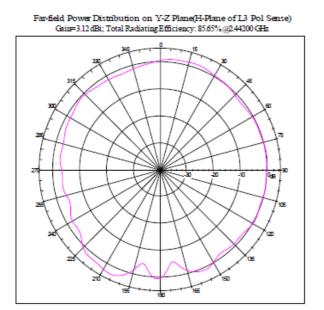




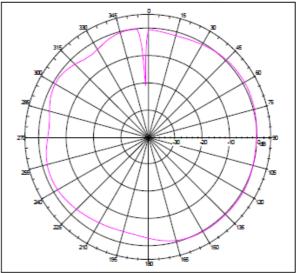


6.2 Frequency: 2.442GHz



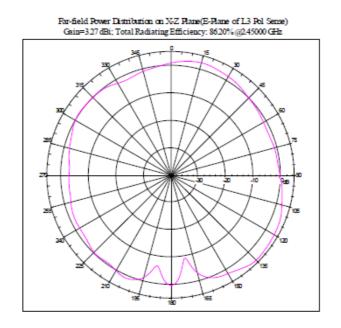


Far-field Power Distribution on X-Y Plane Gain=3.12dBi; Total Radiating Efficiency: 85.65%@2.44200 GHz



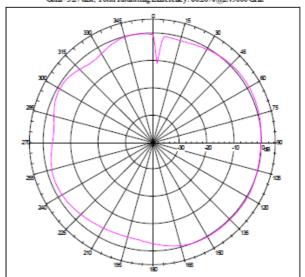


6.3 Frequency: 2.450GHz



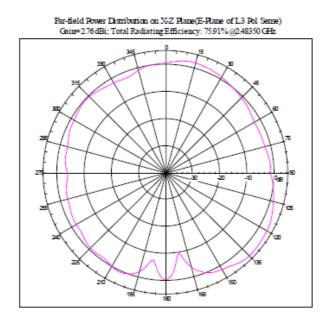
Far-field Power Distribution on Y-Z Plane (H-Plane of L3 Pol Sense) Gain=3.27 dBi; Total Radiating Efficiency: 36.20% @2.45000 GHz

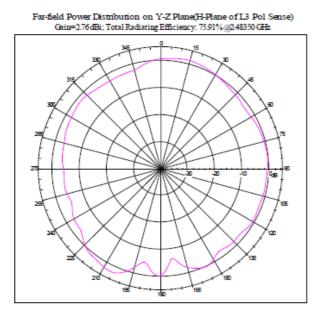
Far-field Power Distribution on X-Y Plane Gain=327 dBi; Total Radiating Efficiency: 8620%@245000 GHz



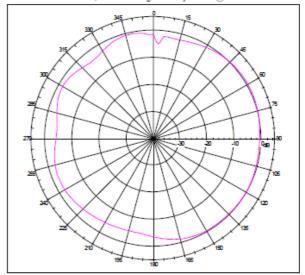


6.4 Frequency: 2.4835GHz



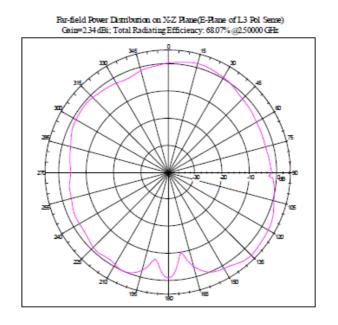


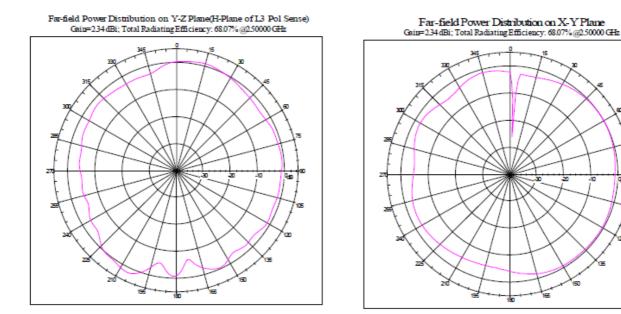
Far-field Power Distribution on X-Y Plane Gain=2.76 dBi; Total Radiating Efficiency: 7591%@248350 GHz





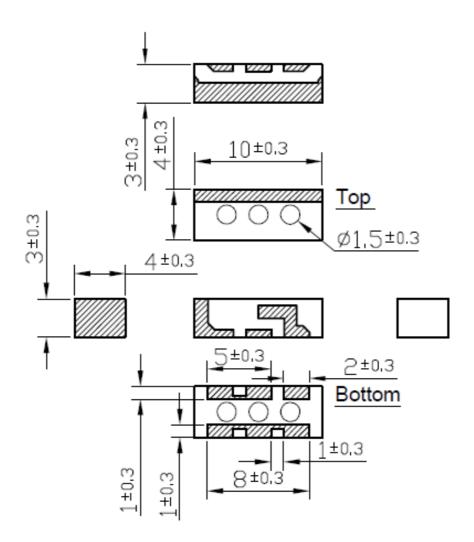
6.5 Frequency: 2.500GHz





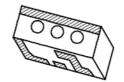


7.



Note:

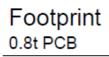




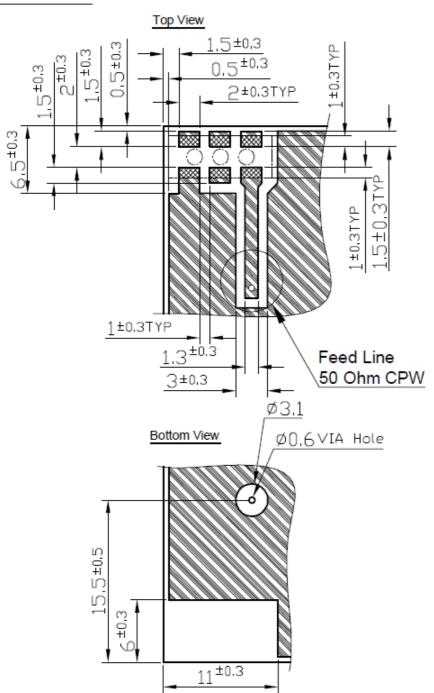
<u>3D View</u>



Recommended Footprint for Evaluation Board



8.

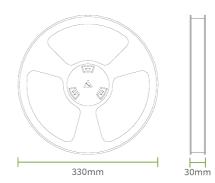


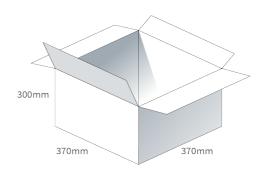
SPE-11-8-092-J



9. Packaging

1000 pcs PA.12 Dimensions - 330*30mm



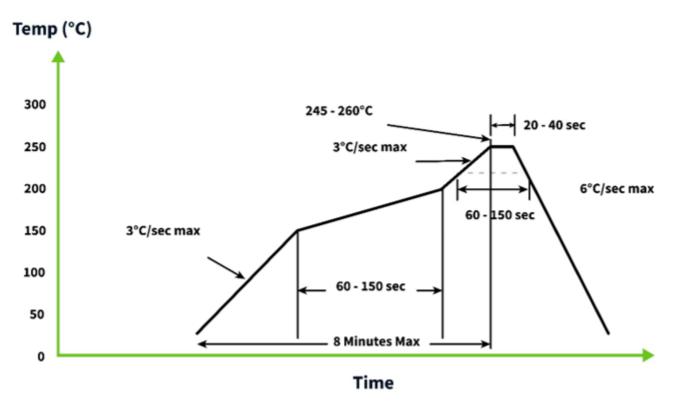


5 Reels / 5000 pcs in one carton Carton Dimensions - 370*360*275mm



10. Recommended Reflow Temperature Profile

The PA.12 can be assembled by following the recommended soldering temperatures are as follows:



*Temperatures listed within a tolerance of +/- 10º C

Smaller components are typically mounted on the first pass, however, we do advise mounting the PA.12 when placing larger components on the board during subsequent reflows.

Note: Soldering flux classified ROLO under IPC J-STD-004 is recommended.



Changelog for the datasheet

SPE-11-8-092 – PA.12				
Revision: J (Current	Version)			
Date:	2024-05-28			
Changes:	Added moisture sensitivity level information to datasheet			
Changes Made by:	Conor McGrath			

Previous Revisions

Revision: I	
Date:	2020-11-10
Changes:	Updated Solder Reflow information
Changes Made by:	Cesar Sousa

Revision: D				
Date:	2017-01-06			
Changes:				
Changes Made by:	Peter Monahan			

Revision: H				
Date:	2022-07-06			
Changes:	Updated specifications			
Changes Made by:	Cesar Sousa			

Revision: C				
Date:	2016-05-07			
Changes:				
Changes Made by:	Andy Mahoney			

Revision: G			
Date:	2020-11-10		
Changes:	Updated to new format		
Changes Made by:	Dan Cantwell		

Revision: B				
Date:	2015-08-24			
Changes:	Amended note on Gain			
Changes Made by:	Aine Doyle			

Revision: F	
Date:	2016-12-21
Changes:	Added new info
Changes Made by:	Jack Conroy

Revision: E		
Date:	2017-08-28	
Changes:	Amended Gain figure, alignment and disclaimer	
Changes Made by:	Andy Mahoney	

Revision: A (Original First Release)		
Date:	2011-05-09	
Notes:		
Author:	Technical Writer	



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