



TheStripe™ PCB Dual-band 2.4 / 5.2 GHz antenna

Part No:

PC11.07.0100A

#### **Features:**

High Efficiency

Dual Band for Wi-Fi®/Bluetooth®/Zigbee® Applications

IPEX MHF Connector (U.FL compatible)

1.13 Mini Co-axial Cable

**RoHS Compliant** 



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Ireland & USA ISO 9001:2015 Certified



Taiwan ISO 9001:2015 Certified













This miniaturized low profile PCB antenna is based on smart TheStripe™ antenna technology. It consists of a PCB antenna and mini coaxial cable.

Many module manufacturers specify peak gain limits for any antennas that are to be connected to that module. Those peak gain limits are based on free-space conditions. In practice, the peak gain of an antenna tested in free-space can degrade by at least 1 or 2dBi when put inside a device. So ideally you should go for a slightly higher peak gain antenna than mentioned on the module specification to compensate for this effect, giving you better performance.

Upon testing of any of our antennas with your device and a selection of appropriate layout, integration technique, or cable, Taoglas can make sure any of our antennas' peak gain will be below the peak gain limits. Taoglas can then issue a specification and/or report for the selected antenna in your device that will clearly show it complying with the peak gain limits, so you can be assured you are meeting regulatory requirements for that module.

For example, a module manufacturer may state that the antenna must have less than 2dBi peak gain, but you don't need to select an embedded antenna that has a peak gain of less than 2dBi in free-space. This will give you a less optimized solution. It is better to go for a slightly higher free-space peak gain of 3dBi or more if available. Once that antenna gets integrated into your device, performance will degrade below this 2dBi peak gain due to the effects of GND plane, surrounding components, and device housing. If you want to be absolutely sure, contact Taoglas and we will test. Choosing a Taoglas antenna with a higher peak gain than what is specified by the module manufacturer and enlisting our help will ensure you are getting the best performance possible without exceeding the peak gain limits.

Cable and Connectors are customizable.



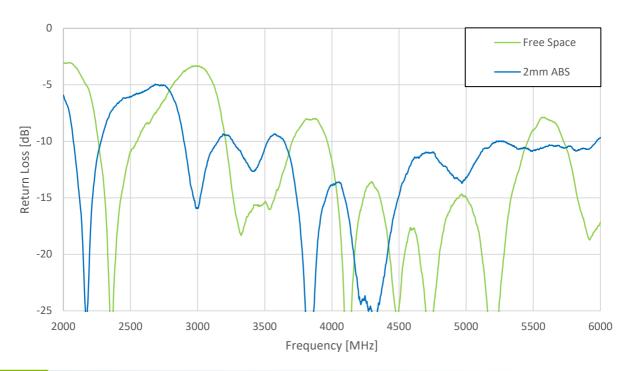
# 2. Specifications

Electrical								
Frequency	Setup	Efficiency (%)	Average Gain (dB)	Peak Gain (dBi)	Impedance	Polarization	Radiation Pattern	Max. input power
	Freespace	84	-0.7	4.7	50Ω	50Ω Linear	Omni	
2400~2500	2mm ABS	66	-1.8	6.5				
	Freespace	73	-1.4	6.5				2W Max
5150~5850	2mm ABS	63	-2.0	5.8				
	Polarization			Linear				
	Impedance			50 Ohms				
Radiation Pattern				Omni				
Input Power				2W max.				
			Mec	hanical				
Dimensions				66 x 16 x 0.8 mm				
Ante	Antenna Body Material			FR4				
Cable			Black 100mm 1.13 co-axial					
Connector				IPEX MHFI				
Weight				2g				
Environmental								
Temperature Range					-4	.0°C to 85°C		
	Humidity				Non-cond	ensing 65°C 95	% RH	

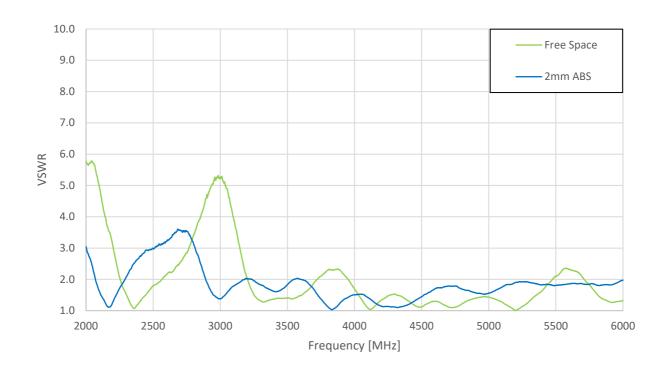


# 3. Antenna Characteristics

#### 3.1 Return Loss

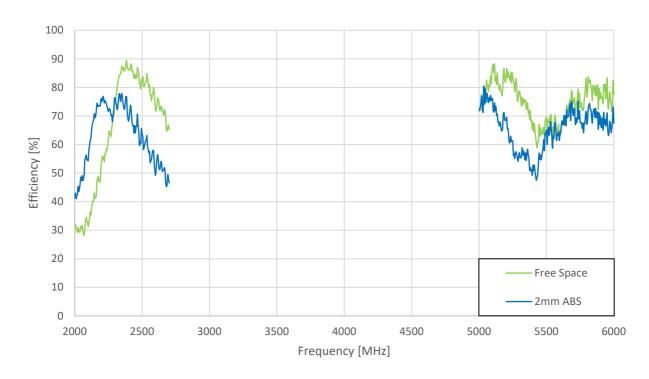


#### 3.2 VSWR

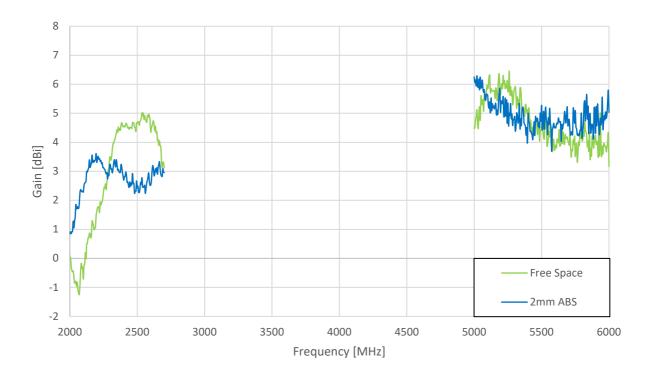




## 3.3 Efficiency

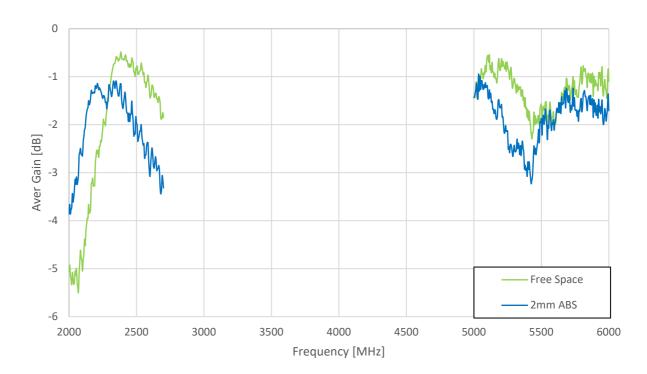


#### 3.4 Peak Gain





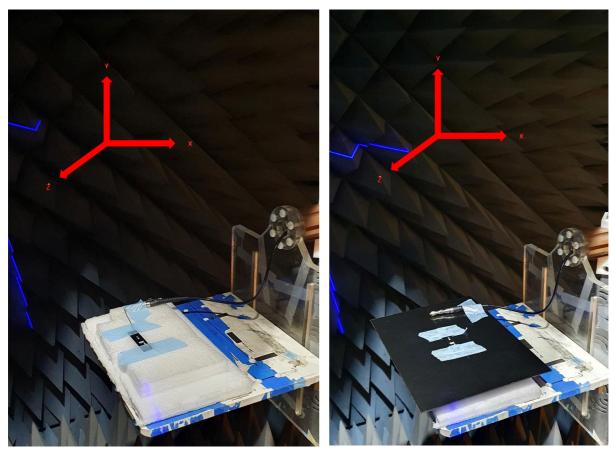
## 3.5 Average Gain





# 4. Radiation Patterns

## 4.1 Test Setup

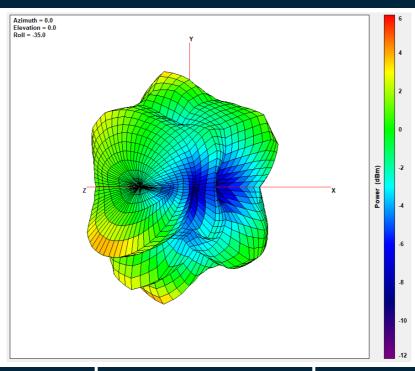


Freespace 2mm ABS

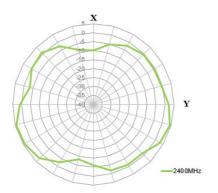


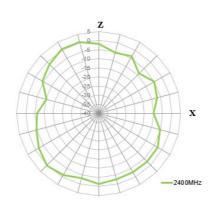
## 4.2 2D & 3D Radiation Patterns (Freespace)

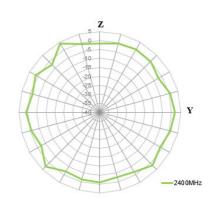
#### 2400MHz



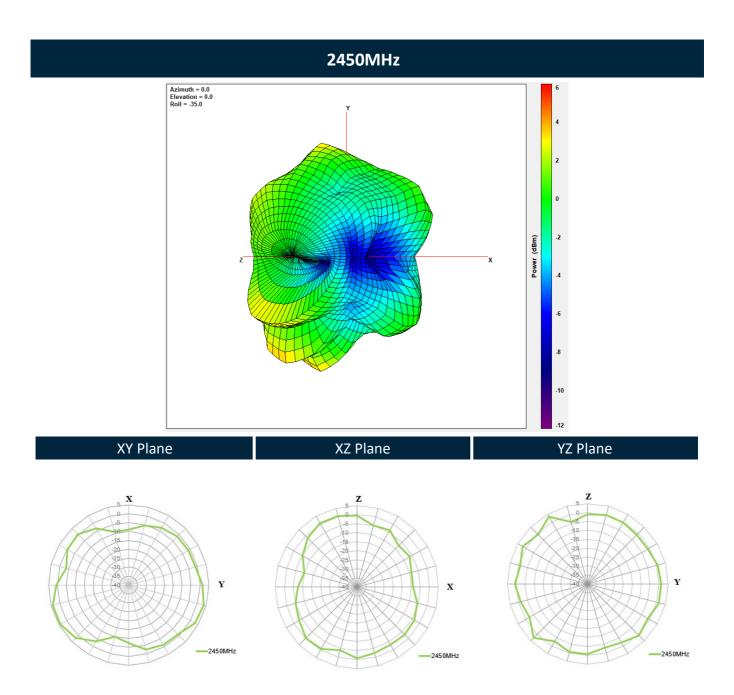
XY Plane YZ Plane YZ Plane





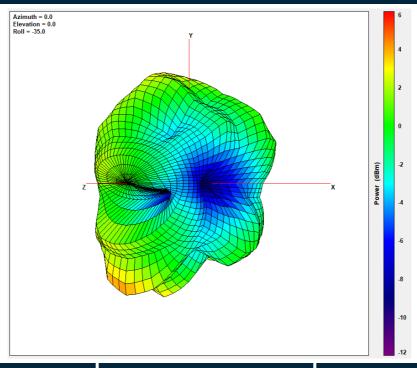




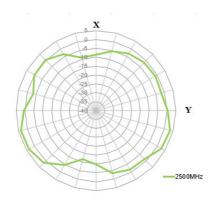


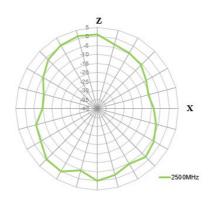


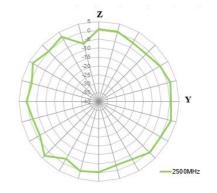
#### 2500MHz



XY Plane XZ Plane YZ Plane

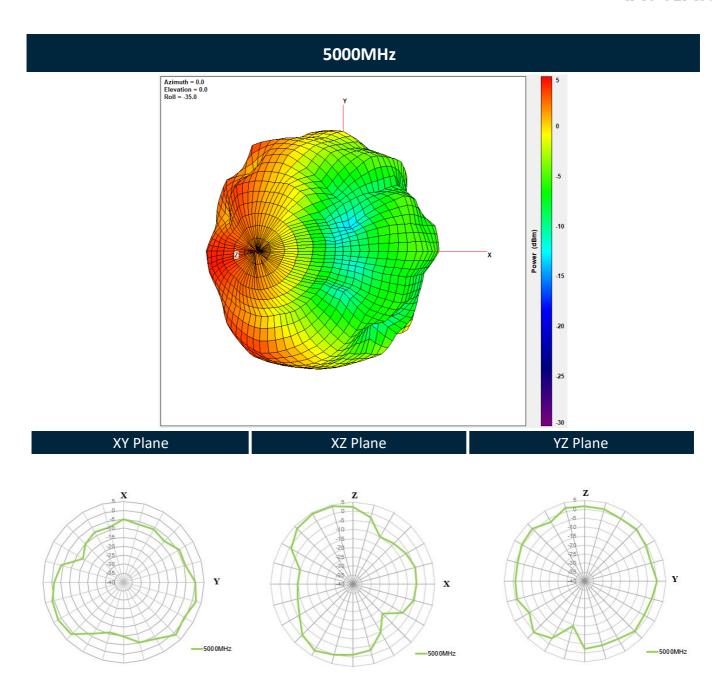






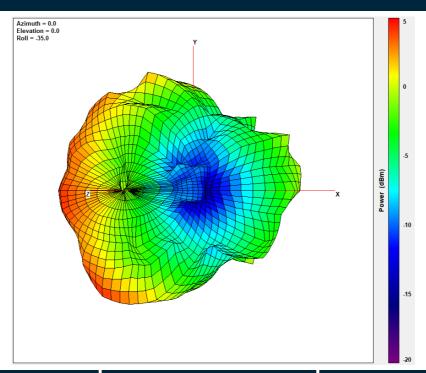
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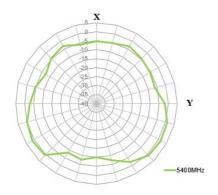


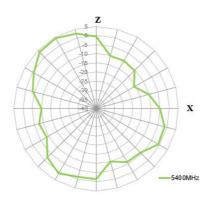


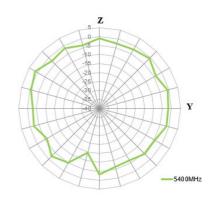
## 5400MHz



XY Plane XZ Plane YZ Plane

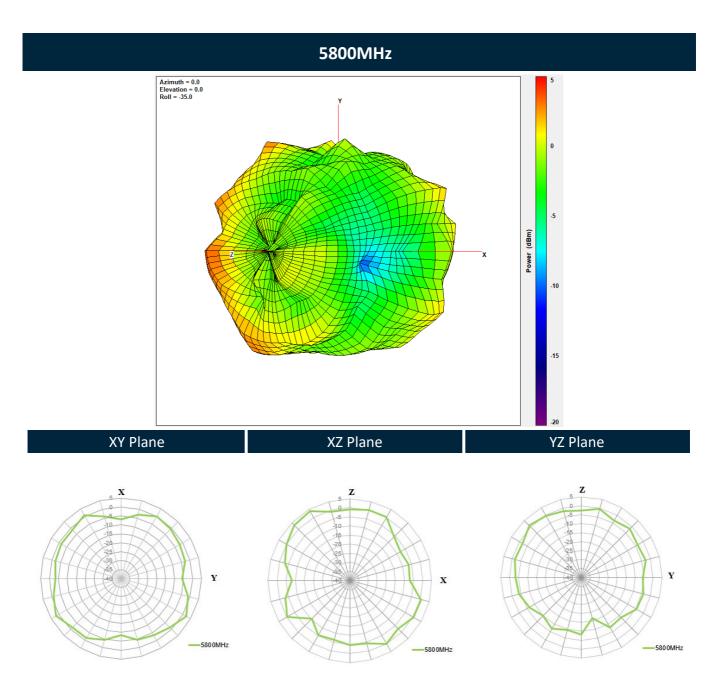






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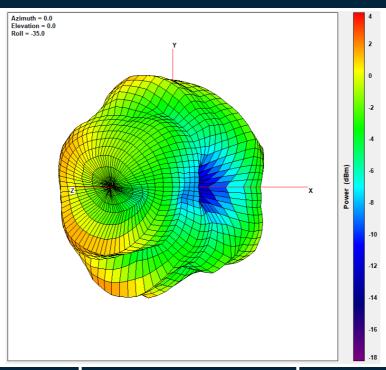




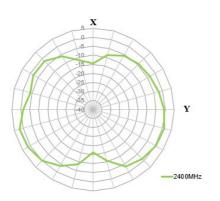


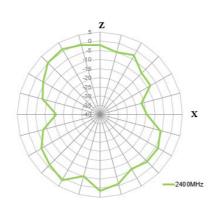
## 4.3 2D & 3D Radiation Patterns (2mm ABS)

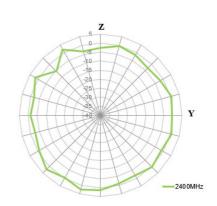
#### 2400MHz



XY Plane XZ Plane YZ Plane

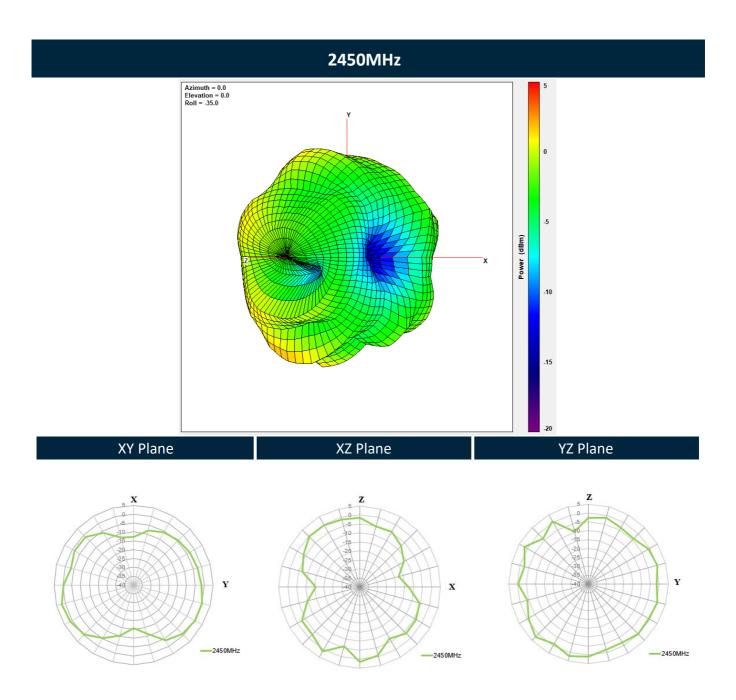




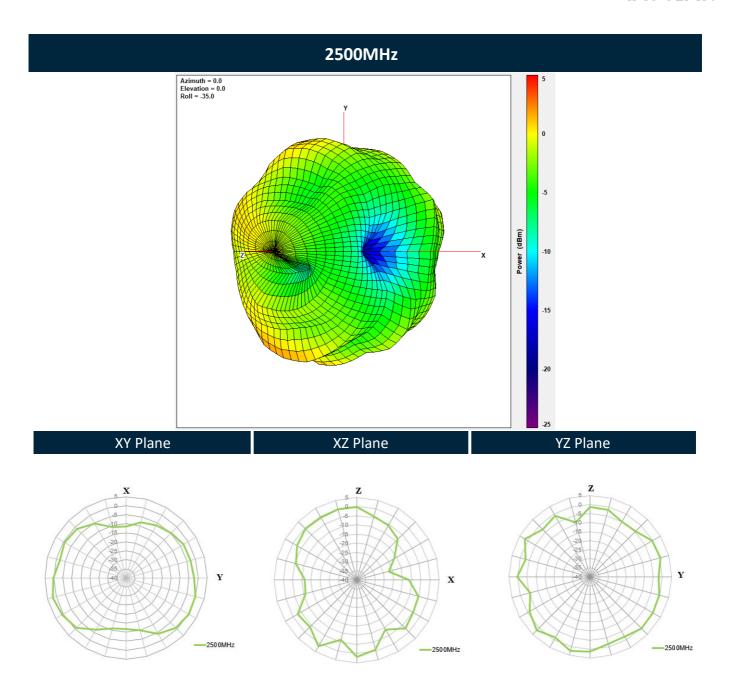


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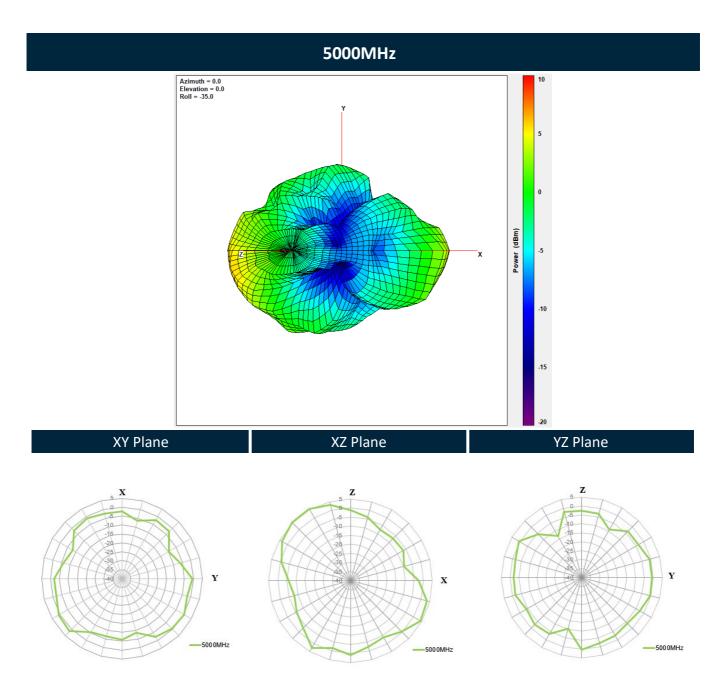






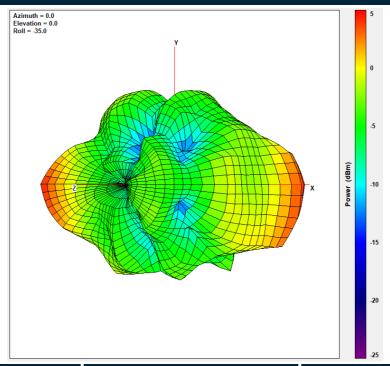


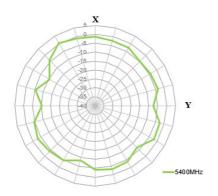


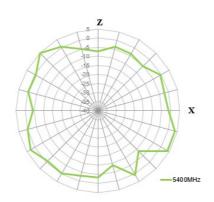


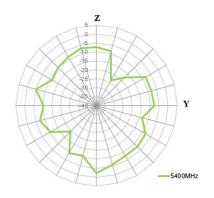


## 5400MHz



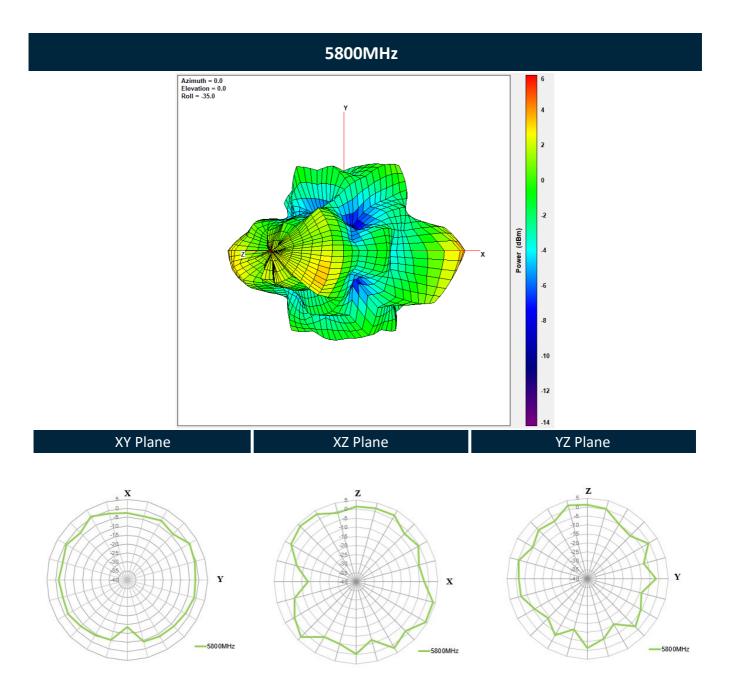






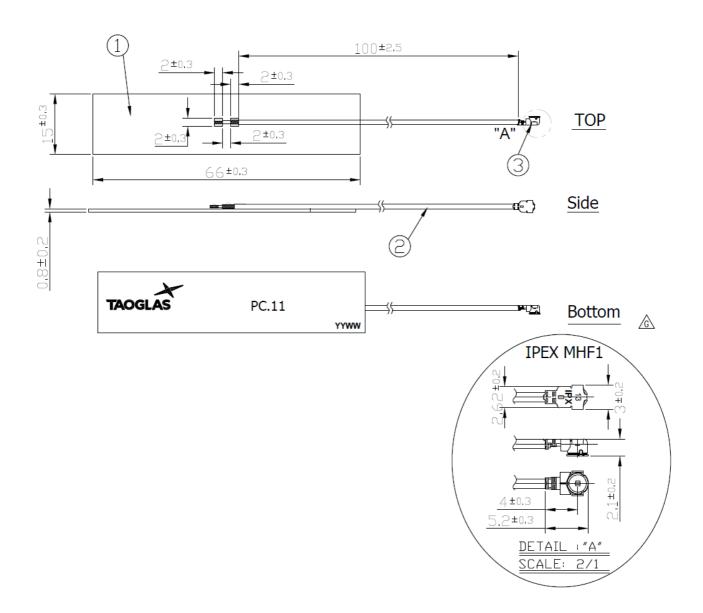
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# Mechanical Drawing (Units: mm)



- NOTES: 1.No dregs or insufficient soldering. Solder thickness 0.3 ~1.7mm
- 2. The solder must be smooth and full to the edges of the pad. The solder must not extend outside of the pad area.
- 3. The connector position has special orientation to the PCB as per drawing.
- 4.All material must be RoHS compliant.
- 5.Open/short QC, VSWR required.
- 6.Soldered area.

	Name	P/N	Material	Finish	QTY
1	PC11 PCB	100211C010011A	FR4.08t	Black	1
2	1.13 Coaxial Cable	300213A000013A	FEP	Black	1
3	IPEX MHF1	204113G000013A	Brass	Gold	1

www.taoglas.com SPE-11-8-055-E



#### Changelog for the datasheet

#### SPE-11-8-055 - PC11.07.0100A

Revision: E (Current Version)			
Date:	2022-09-26		
Changes:	Full datasheet update.		
Changes Made by:	Gary West		

#### **Previous Revisions**

Revision: D	
Date:	2015-03-04
Changes:	Added note to gain.
Changes Made by:	Aine Doyle

Revision: C	
Date:	2013-02-06
Changes:	
Changes Made by:	Technical Writer

Revision: B	
Date:	2011-07-27
Changes:	
Changes Made by:	Technical Writer

Revision: A (Origina	l First Release)
Date:	2011-07-11
Notes:	
Author:	Technical Writer



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