

Universe

Part No: PCS.50.A

Description

Low Profile LTE/Cellular 5G/4G & GNSS SMD Antenna

Features:

SMD Dielectric Antenna LTE/5G: 698-960MHz, 1710-2700MHz GPS / GLONASS / Galileo / Bei Dou (1561-1602MHz) Adjusts the resonance frequency of the antenna to the desired frequency band Dimensions: 38*10*1.6mm Smart antenna solution with aperture tuning RoHS & REACH Compliant

PATEMPE

PC5.50



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Changelog

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Introduction

1.



The Taoglas Universe PCS.50.A is a patent pending active Cellular and GNSS antenna designed specifically for IoT devices with small ground planes. With an unprecedented level of integration, it combines aperture tuning and active switching technologies to provide wideband coverage for GNSS and cellular connectivity.

The PCS.50.A has an RF switch to adjust the resonance frequency of the antenna depending on the device's requirements. The aperture tuning technology allows the antenna to cover the whole spectrum of 4G LTE/5G bands by adjusting the resonant frequency of the antenna to the desired frequency band of operation. This allows the device to use the correct frequency band required by the radio module. Additionally, a second active switch can be simply added if either Cellular or GNSS needs to be selected.

The PCS.50.A is compatible with the radio modules that support the RF front-end control interface (RFFE). The radio module controls the active RF switch to adjust the antenna resonance frequency to operate efficiently on multiple bands and increase the RF capabilities by 3dB compared with standard passive solutions. This will in turn, improve the Total Radiated Power (TRP) and Total Isotropic Sensitivity (TIS).

The PCS.50.A is easy to integrate using standard SMD technologies, and implementing the active solution is easy thanks to Taoglas' integration support, providing different design files depending on your requirements. The antenna can be tuned by simply selecting the best switching configuration to achieve the optimum antenna performance.

Taoglas has developed an evaluation board PCSD.50.A to demonstrate the antenna performance for 4G/LTE applications. The PCSD.50.A is just 40 x 50mm, makes it suitable for even the smallest of IoT and CAT-M devices. Typical applications include IoT devices such as smart sensors requiring cellular and GNSS connectivity, wearables or asset tracking. The antenna itself measures just 38 x 10 x 1.6mm, and as it is manufactured from high-grade FR4 PCB, it is lightweight; yet robust, and it is supplied on tape and reel.



Taoglas has developed another evaluation board PCSD.50.B to demonstrate the antenna performance for 5G connectivity. The PCSD.50.B evaluation board is just 40*70mm, it covers the most challenging bands for 600MHz, making it suitable for 5G applications.

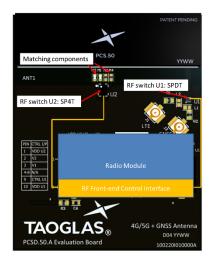
The datasheet consists of two parts mainly. The first part focuses on the 4G/LTE antenna integration and performance on the PCSD.50A evaluation board. The second part focuses on the 5G Antenna integration guidance and performance on the PCSD.50B evaluation board.

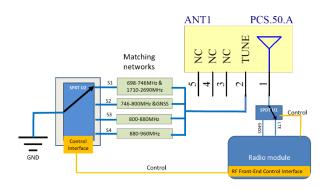
Contact your regional Taoglas customer support team for quick and professional support from our senior engineering team on integration and matching of the antenna to your device.



Part A

PCS.50.A Antenna Performance for LTE Applications 700MHz- 3GHz on PCSD.50.A







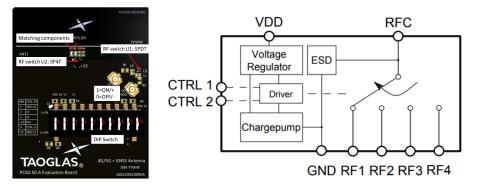
2.

Operational Instructions of the PCSD.50.A

Taoglas developed an evaluation board called PCSD.50.A that includes the PCS.50.A antenna, RF switches and other components to operate this smart antenna solution. This is available to order from Taoglas. Taoglas developed this EVB to help customers in implementing this solution on their applications. The evaluation kit uses a simple RF switch SP4T to select different matching circuits and a SPDT to select GNSS or LTE radios.

The RF switches used in the evaluation kit are:

- SP4T: Infineon <u>BGSA14GN10</u>
- SPDT: Infineon <u>BGS12SN6E6327XTSA1</u>



In the evaluation kit, both RF switches are controlled by the DIP switch, representing the control interface

of the radio module. The DIP switch is connected to a 3V coin battery (CR02032).

The DIP switch has two states: 1 represents ON, 0 represents OFF.

The DIP switch is a 10 way switch, numbered 1 to 10.

Pins 1-3 are used to control the SP4T (U2):

Pin 1 controls the power to SP4T,

Pin 2 connects to the CTRL 1 on the RF switch,

Pin 3 connects to the CTRL 2 on the RF switch.

Pins 9-10 are used to control the SPDT (U1):

Pin 9 is the control input for the SPDT, 0 = GNSS, 1 = LTE, Pin 10 controls the power to SPDT.

Pin 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 are not connected and therefore not used.

The pin definition and control table are shown in the tables above.

PIN 1=VDD	Pin 2=CTRL 1	Pin 3=CTRL 2	RF State
1	0	0	S1: M1-ANT
1	0	1	S2:M2-ANT
1	1	0	S3:M3-ANT
1	1	1	S4:M4-ANT

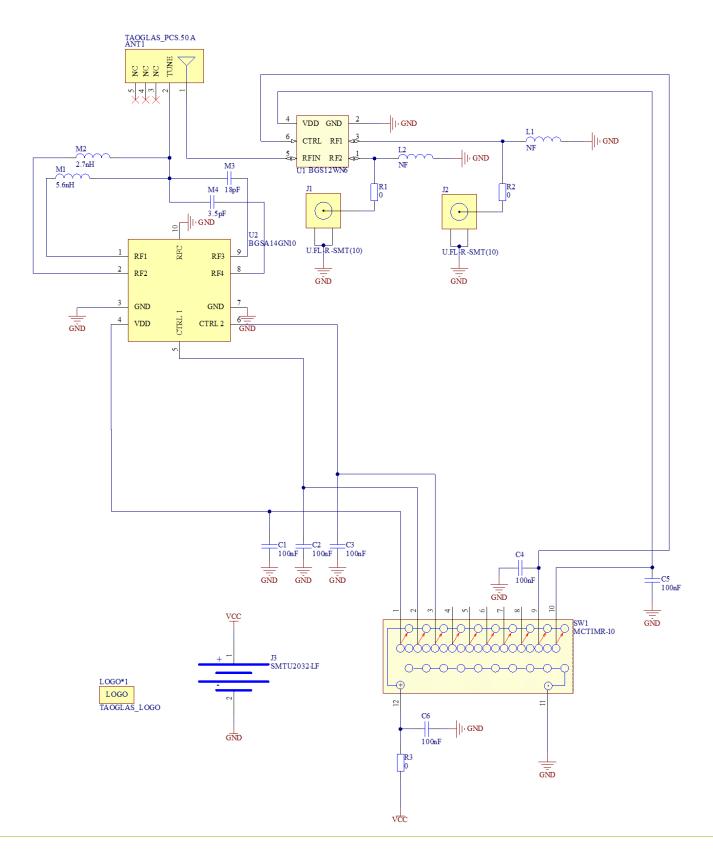
PIN 10=VDD	PIN 9=CTRL	SPDT State
1	0	GNSS-ANT
1	1	LTE-ANT



2.1 Antenna Active Tuning Circuit

Below is the Schematic of the PCSD.50.A using SP4T and SPDT.

Four sets of matching circuits are connected to the SP4T RF1-RF4. The antenna performance is tested and recorded when each of them are connected.





3.

Specification for PCSD.50.A

	LTE Electrical								
Band	Frequency (MHz)	Measurement	Efficiency (%)	Average Gain (dB)	Peak Gain (dBi)	Impedance	Polarization	Radiation Pattern	Max. input power
5GNR/4G Band 12,17,28,29,85	698-746	S1	16.6	-7.79	-2.94			ear Omni	2W
5GNR/4G Band 13,14,20,28	746-800	S2	17.7	-7.52	-2.55				
5GNR/4G Band 5,18,19,20,26,27	800-880	S3	19.6	-7.08	-2.05		50 Ω Linear		
5GNR/4G Band 8,19,26	880-960	S4	21.0	-6.79	-1.49	50 Ω			
GNSS GPS L1, GLONASS G1, Bei Dou B1, Galileo E1	1559-1610	52	40.6	-3.92	0.62				
5GNR/4G Band 1,2,3,4,9,23,25,35,39, 66	1710-2690	S1	67.0	-1.74	3.23				

Mechanical						
Dimensions	38mm x 10mm x 1.6mm					
Weight	2.5g					
Material	FR4					
Connector	IPEX MHF1					
Cable	1.13 Mini Coaxial					
Soldering Type	SMD Reflow					

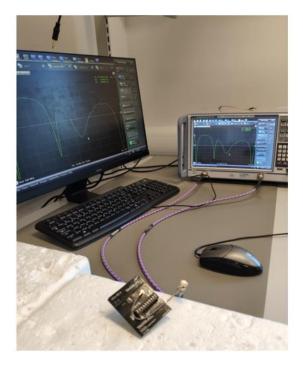
Environmental						
Operation Temperature	-40°C ~ +85°C					
Storage Temperature	-40°C ~ +85°C					
Moisture Sensitivity	3					



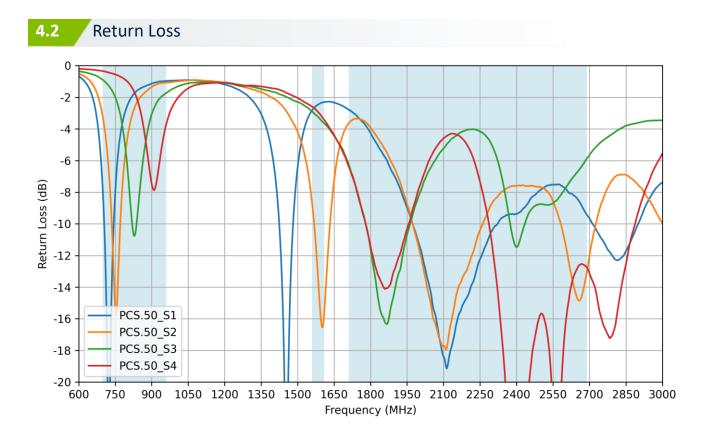


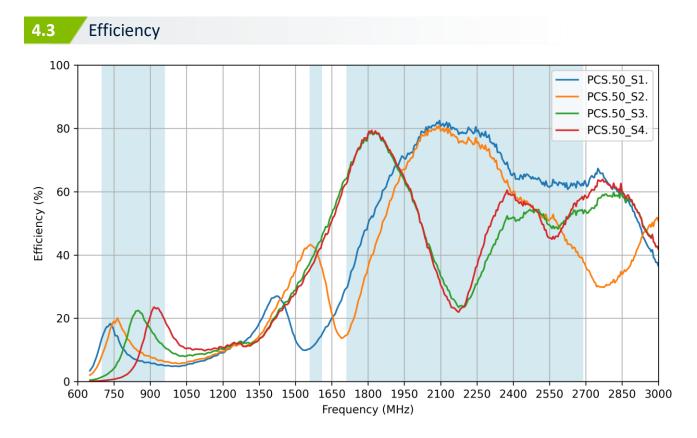




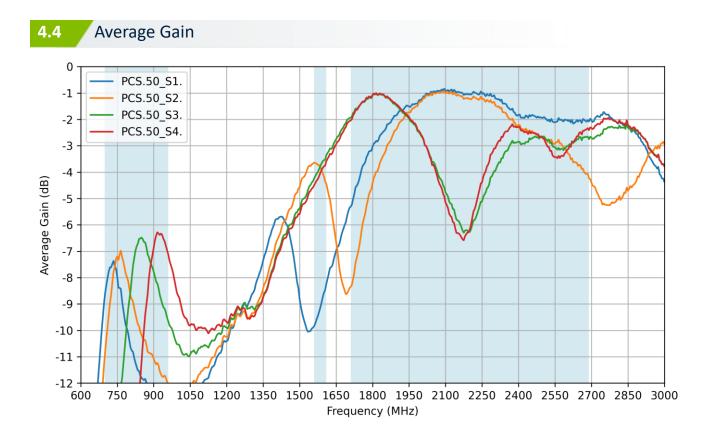


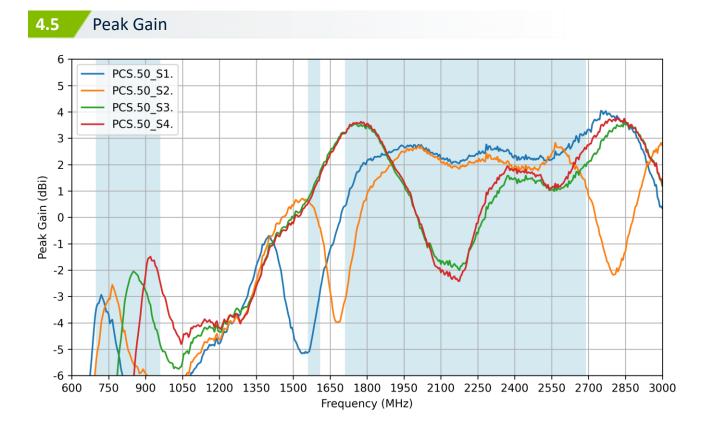








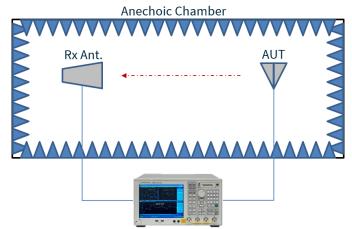




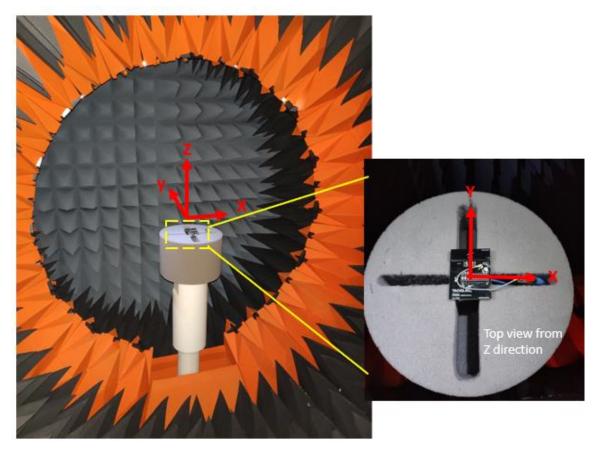




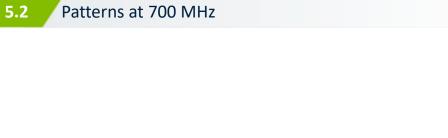
5.1 Test Setup

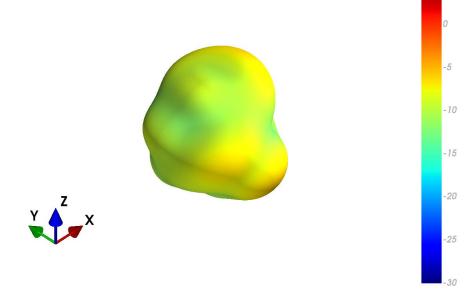


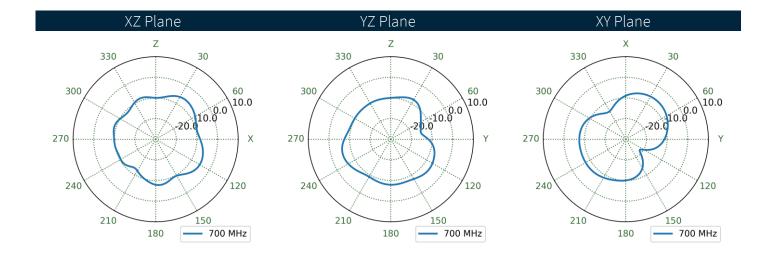
Vector Network Analyzer



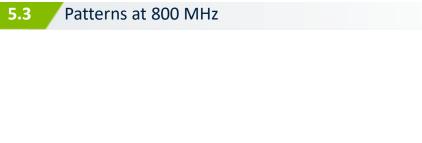


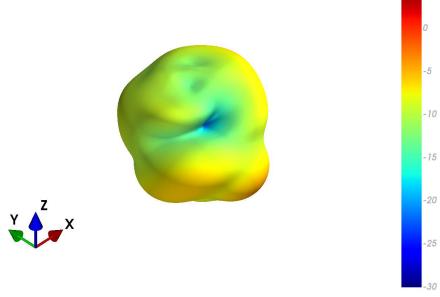


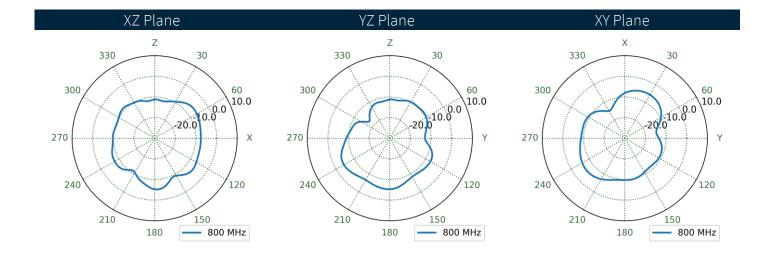




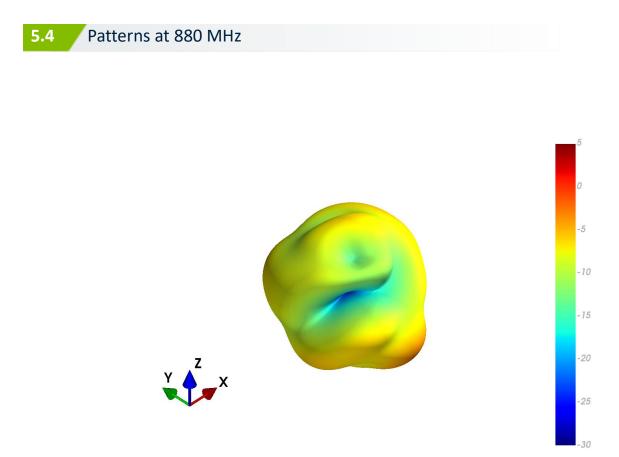


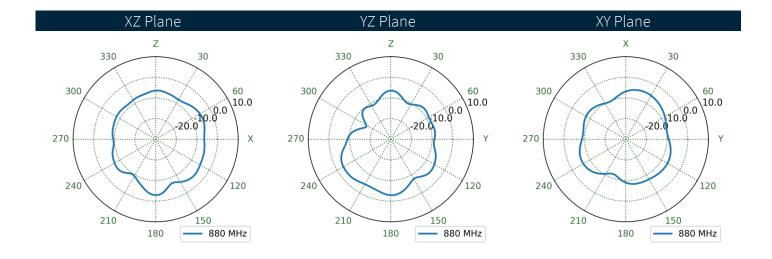




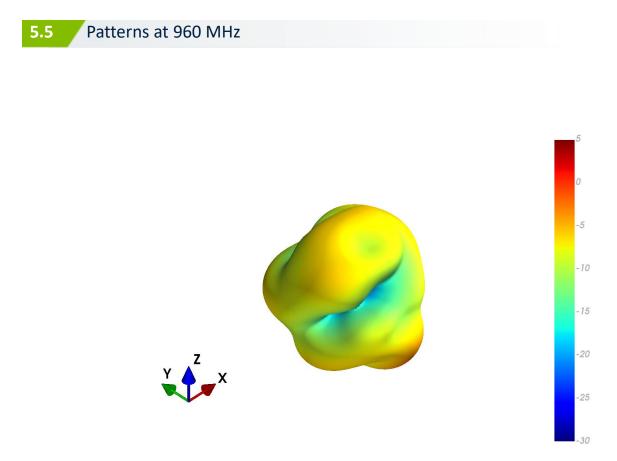


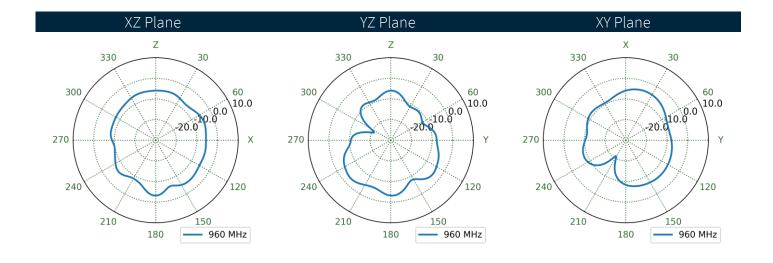






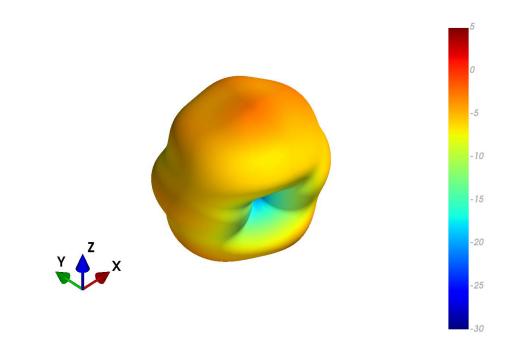


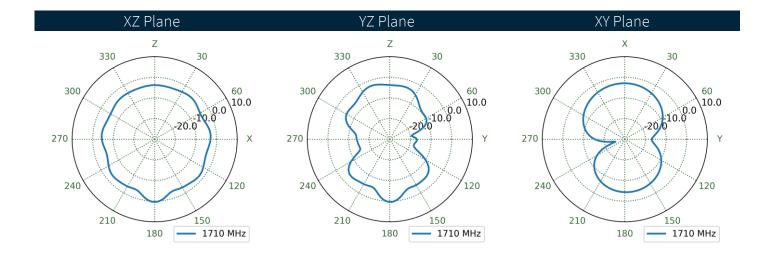




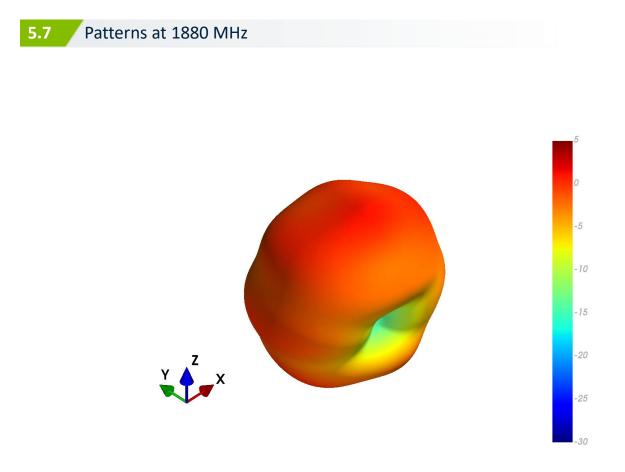


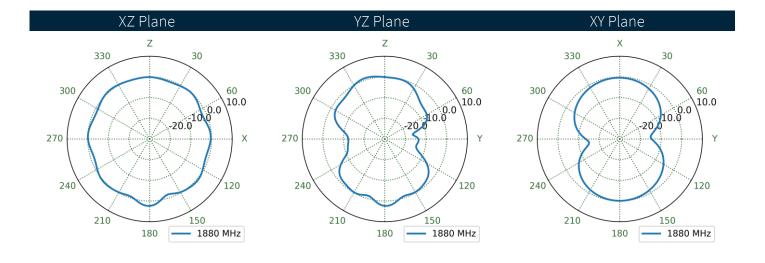




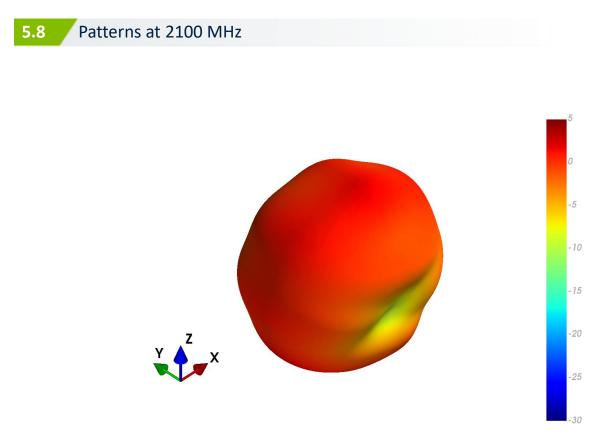


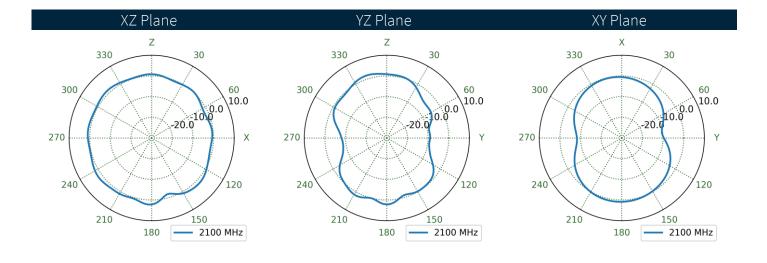




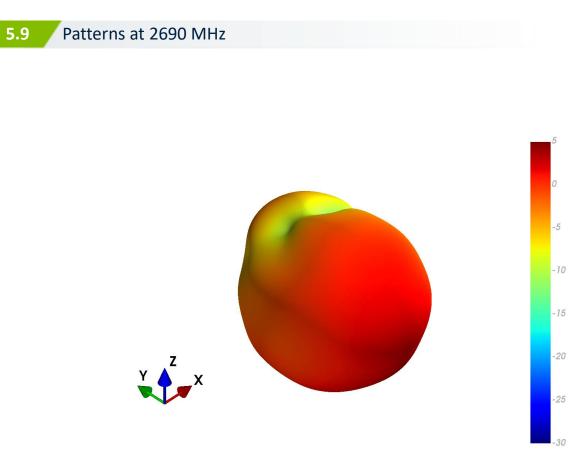


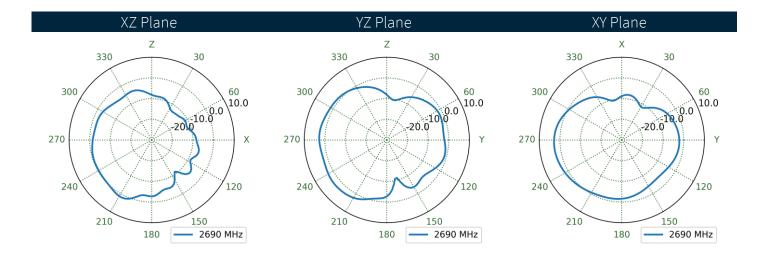






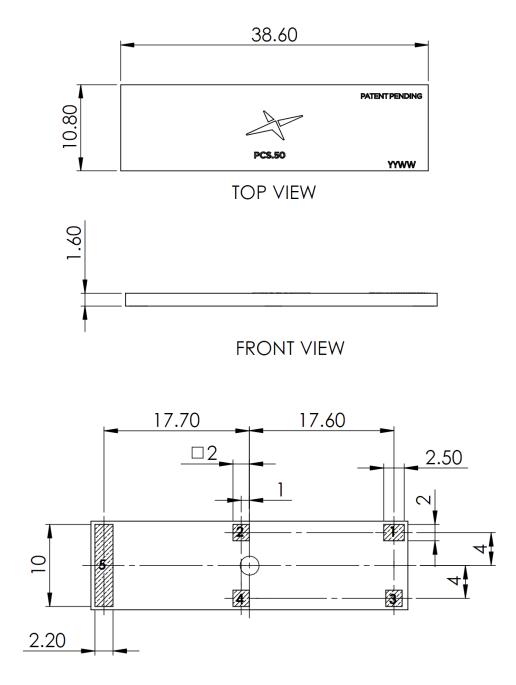








6. Mechanical Drawing - Antenna

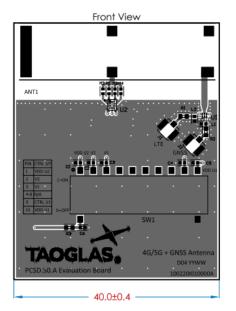


PADS 2,3,4 THE SAME SIZE BOTTOM VIEW

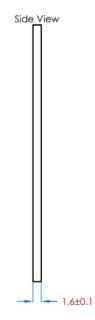
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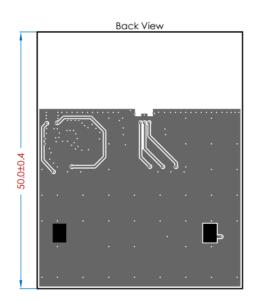


Mechanical Drawing – Eval Board PCSD.50.A



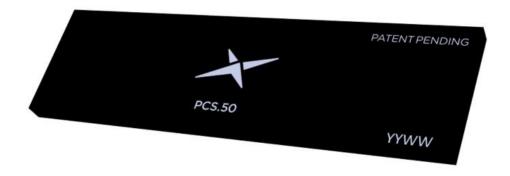
7.







8. Antenna Integration Guide



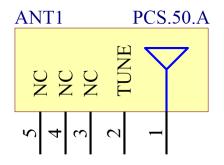




8.1 Schematic and Symbol Definition

The circuit symbol for the antenna is shown below. The antenna has 5 pins with only two pins functional (Pin 1 and Pin 2). Pins 3, 4 and 5 are not connected and are only used for mechanical integration only.

Pin	Description
1	RF Feed
2	GND
3, 4, 5	Not Connected





8.2 Antenna Integration

Depending on the size of the PCB, the antenna should ideally be placed on the PCB's shorter side, this will allow the antenna to take advantage of a longer ground plane.



With Top Solder Mask

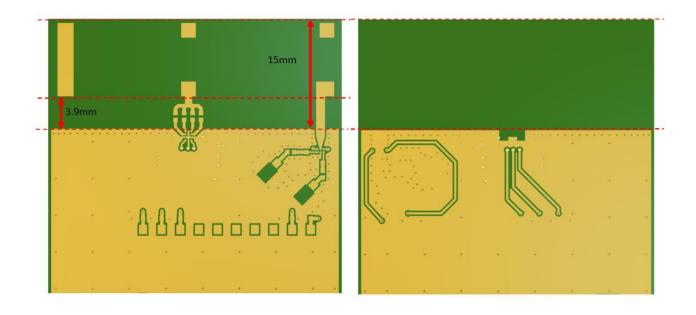


Without Top Solder Mask



8.3 PCB Layout

The footprint and clearance on the PCB must meet the antenna specification. Below shows the antenna footprint and clearance through ALL the layers of the PCB. Only the antenna pads and connections to RF Feed and TUNE are present within this clearance area (marked RED). The clearance area extends 3.9mm from the antenna mechanical pads to the ground area. This clearance area includes the bottom side and ALL internal layers of the PCB.



Top Side

Bottom Side



8.4 Evaluation Board

Shown below are images of the evaluation PCB used to measure the antenna and generate the results shown in this document.



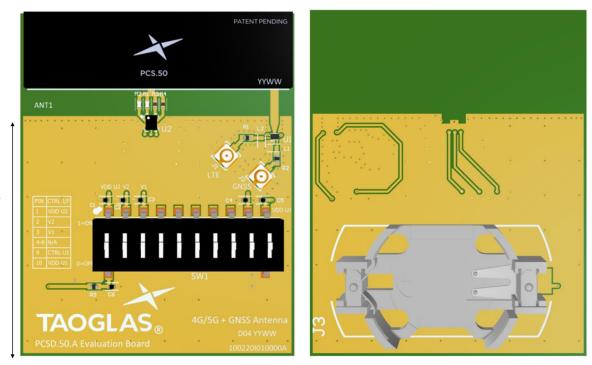
Top Side

Bottom Side



8.5 Evaluation Board Ground Plane Length

Shown below is the PCSD.50.A with solder mask removed to highlight the PCB ground plane length.

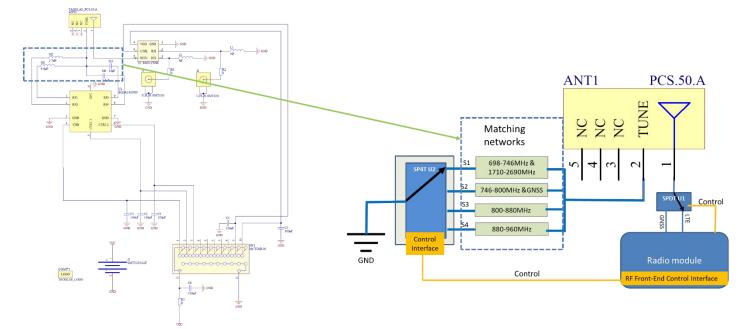


Ground Plane Length 35mm



8.6 Evaluation Board Matching Circuit PCSD.50.A

The matching components M1-M4 are connected to the SP4T switch. These are used to tune the antenna resonances. The values for these components are shown in the mapping table below.



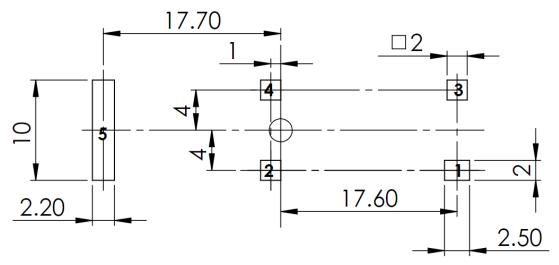
CTRL1=PIN2	CTRL2=PIN3	SP4T State	Matching Components	Frequency coverage
0	0	S1:M1-ANT	5.6nH, MLK1005S5N6ST000	698-746MHz &1710-2690MHz
0	1	S2:M2-ANT	2.7nH MLK1005S2N7ST000	746-800MHz &GNSS
1	0	S3:M3-ANT	18pF GRM1555C1H180JA01D	800-880MHz
1	1	S4:M4-ANT	3.5pF GJM1555C1H3R5BB01D	880-960MHz

An additional matching circuit at the antenna feed side may be necessary for some applications to provide additional tuning options. Taoglas recommend incorporating extra component footprints, to form an "L" or "Pi" matching network between the antenna feed and the radio module. On the PCSD.50.A evaluation board, an L network is reserved but it is not used as there is a zero Ω link fitted in this case.



8.7 Footprint

Below shows the antenna mounting footprint this displays recommended size and layout of the pads on the PCB. These pads are numbered to correspond with the pads on the antenna.



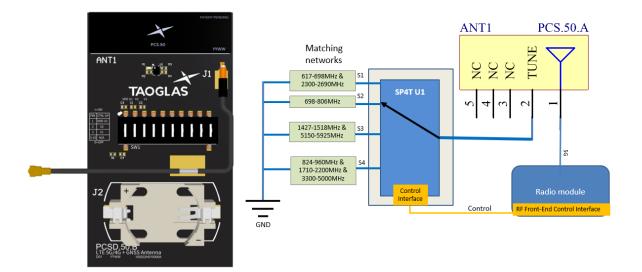
PADS 2,3,4 THE SAME SIZE

PCB FOOTPRINT



Part B

PCS.50.A Antenna Performance for 5G Applications 600MHz- 6GHz on PCSD.50.B





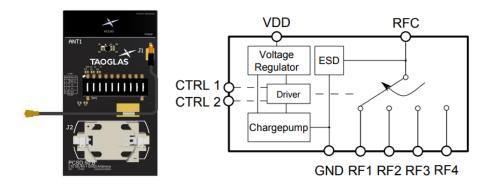
Taoglas developed an evaluation board called PCSD.50.B that includes the PCS.50.A antenna, RF switches and other components to operate this smart antenna solution for 5G connectivity.

Taoglas developed this EVB to help customers in implementing this solution on their applications. The evaluation kit uses a simple RF switch SP4T to select different matching circuits.

The RF switches used in the evaluation kit are:

• SP4T: Infineon <u>BGSA14GN10</u>

9.



In the evaluation kit, the RF switch is controlled by the DIP switch, representing the control interface of the radio module. The DIP switch is connected to a 3V coin battery (CR02032).

The DIP switch has two states: 1 represents ON, 0 represents OFF.

The DIP switch is a 10 way switch, numbered 1 to 10.

• Pins 1-3 are used to control the SP4T (U1):

Pin 1 controls the power to SP4T,

Pin 2 connects to the CTRL 1 on the RF switch,

Pin 3 connects to the CTRL 2 on the RF switch.

• Pin 4 to 10 are not connected and therefore not used.

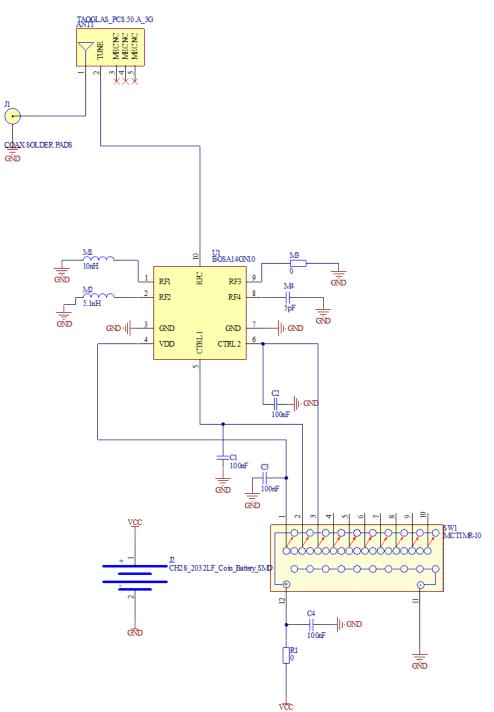
The pin definition and control table is shown above.

PIN 1=VDD	Pin 2=CTRL 1	Pin 3=CTRL 2	RF State
1	0	0	S1: M1-ANT
1	0	1	S2:M2-ANT
1	1	0	S3:M3-ANT
1	1	1	S4:M4-ANT



Below is the Schematic of the PCSD.50.B using SP4T.

Four sets of matching circuits are connected to the SP4T RF1-RF4. The antenna performance is tested and recorded when each of them are connected.







Specification for PCSD.50.B

	LTE Electrical								
Band	Frequency (MHz)	Measurement	Efficiency (%)	Average Gain (dB)	Peak Gain (dBi)	Impedance	Polarization	Radiation Pattern	Max. input power
5GNR/4G Band71	617-698	S1	15.3	-8.15	-3.59				
4G/3G Band 12,13,14,17,28,29	698-806	52	17.3	-7.62	-2.87		Linear	Omni	2W
4G/3G/NB-IoT/Cat M Band 5,8,18,19,20,26,27	824-960	S4	20.3	-6.91	-1.88				
5GNR/4G Band 21,32,74,75,76	1427-1518	S3	49.3	-3.07	0.67				
4G/3G Band 1,2,3,4,9,23,25,35,39, 66	1710-2200	S4	57.4	-2.41	3.14	50 Ω			
4G/3G Band 7,30,38,40,41	2300-2690	S1	63.6	-1.96	4.52				
5GNR/4G Band 22,42,48,77,78,79	3300-5000	S4	63.5	-1.97	5.21				
LTE5200/Wi-Fi5800	5150-5925	S3	64.1	-1.93	4.09				

Mechanical						
Dimensions	38mm x 10mm x 1.6mm					
Weight	2.5g					
Material	FR4					
Connector	IPEX MHF1					
Cable	1.13 Mini Coaxial					
Soldering Type	SMD Reflow					

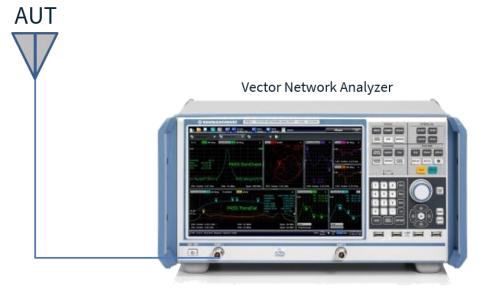
Environmental						
Operation Temperature	-40°C ~ +85°C					
Storage Temperature	-40°C ~ +85°C					
Moisture Sensitivity	3					

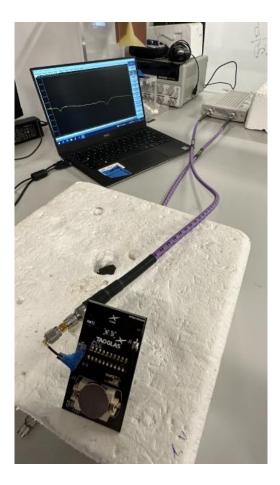
SPE-21-8-119-F



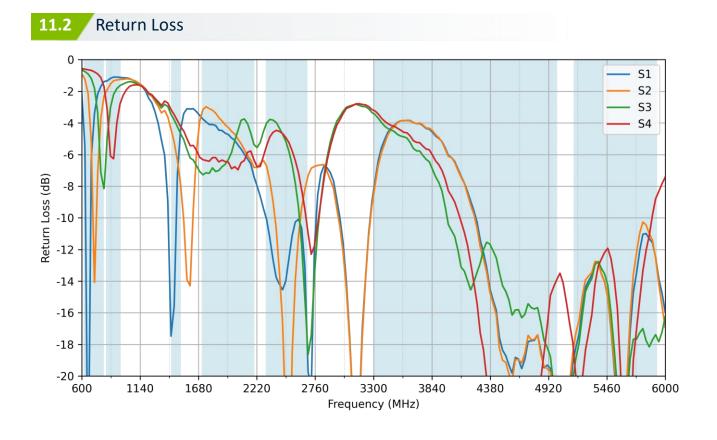
11. Antenna Characteristics for PCSD.50.B

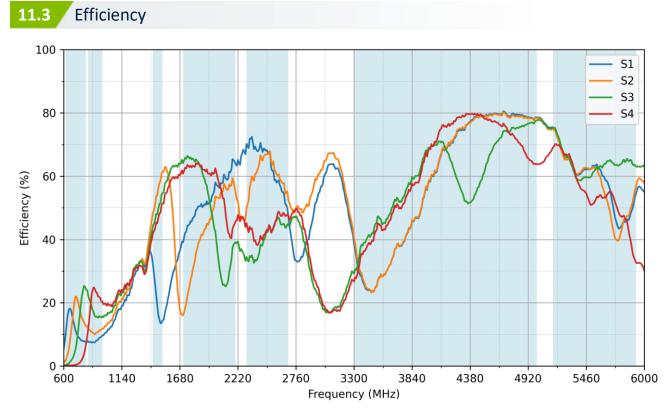




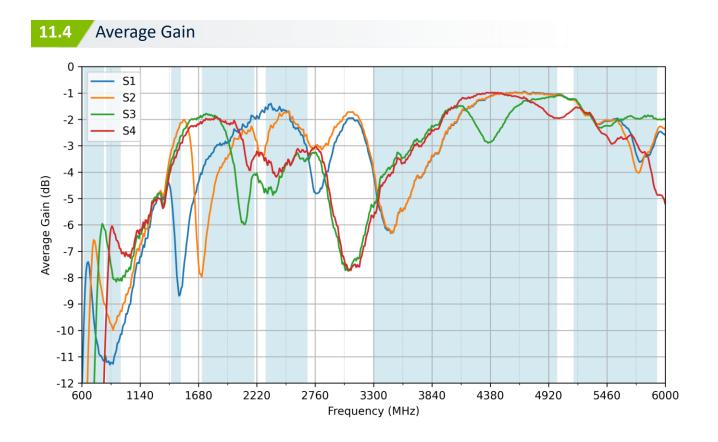


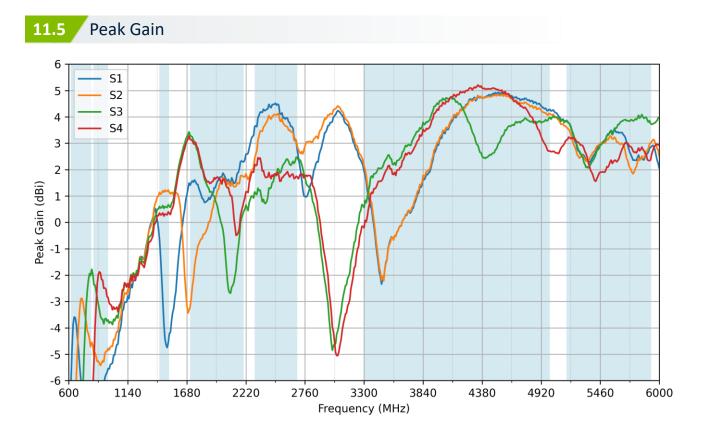








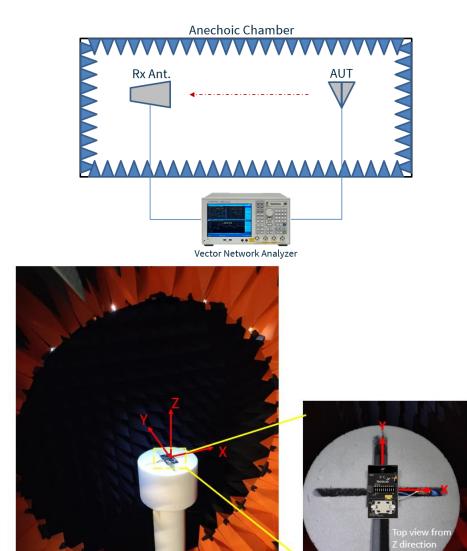






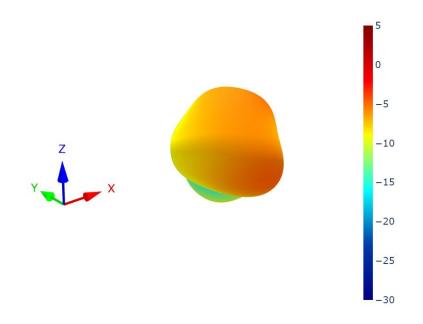


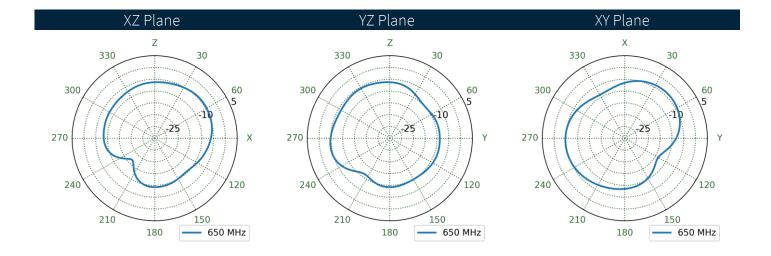
12.1 Test Setup





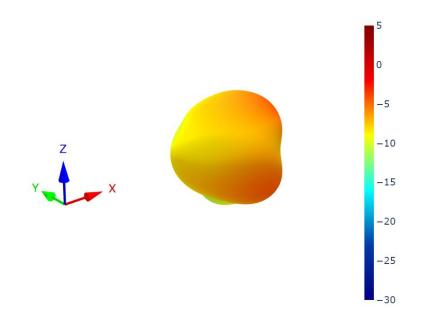
12.2 Patterns at 650 MHz

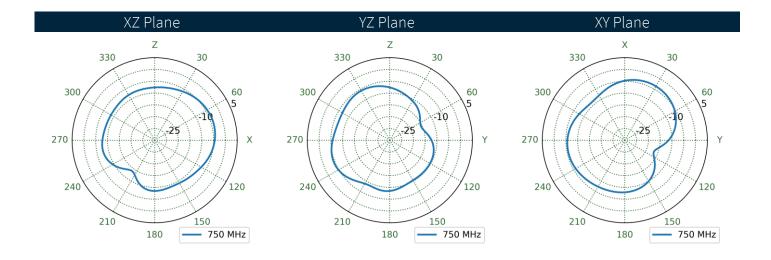






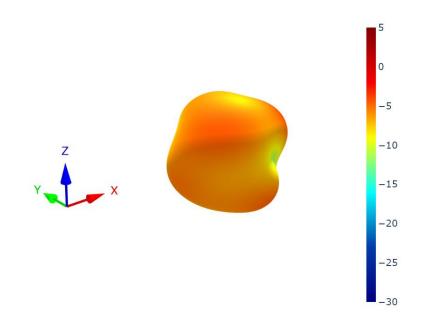
12.3 Patterns at 750 MHz

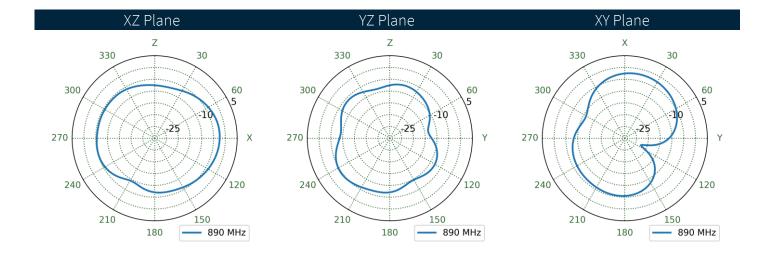






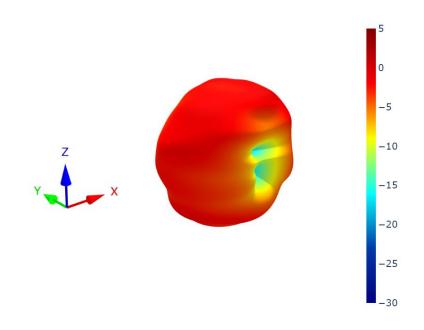
12.4 Patterns at 890 MHz

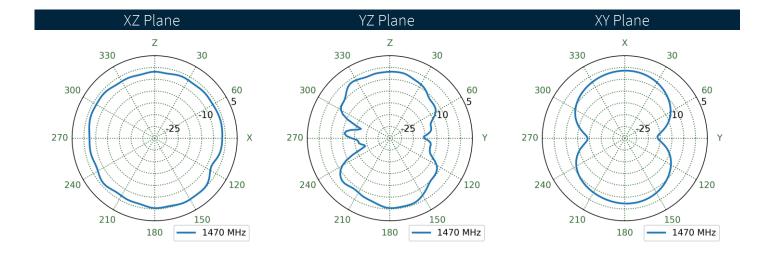






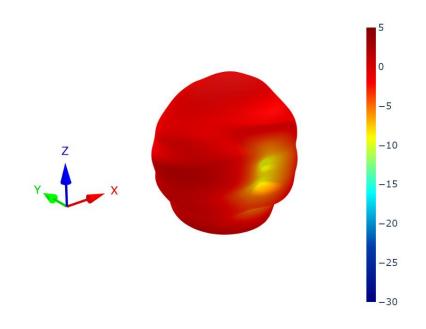
12.5 Patterns at 1475 MHz

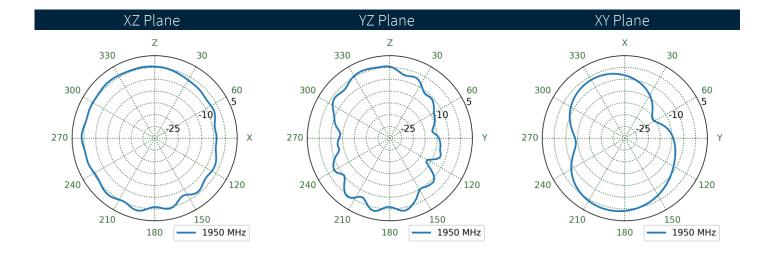




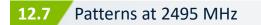


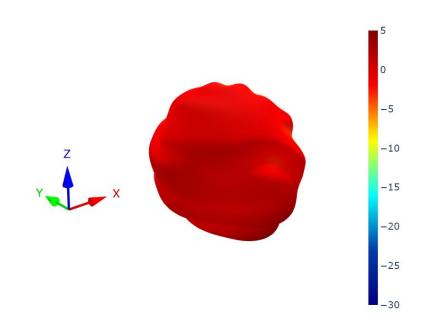
12.6 Patterns at 1955 MHz

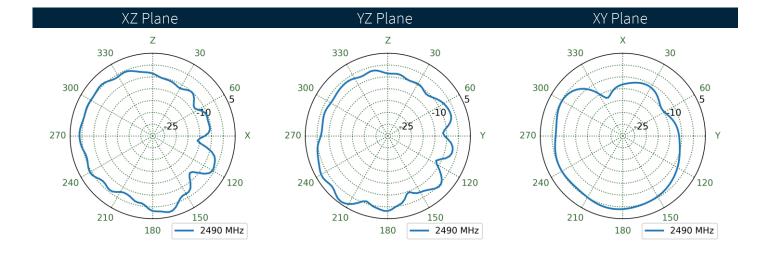






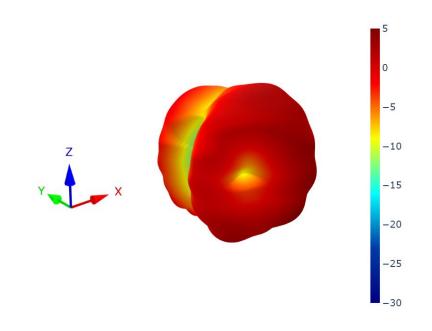


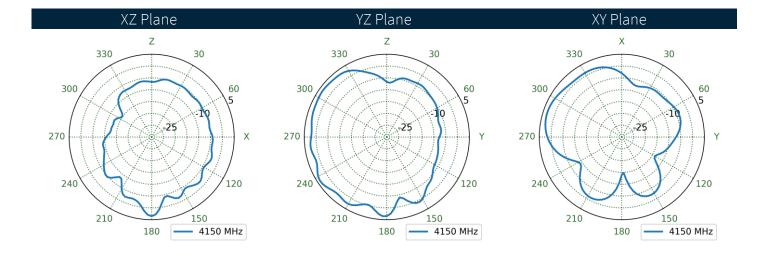




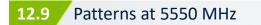


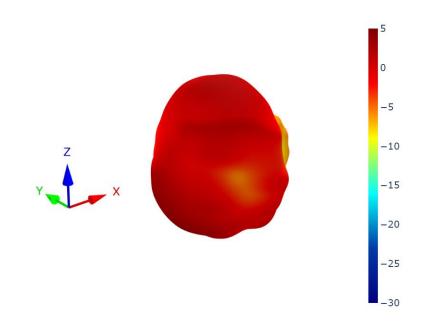


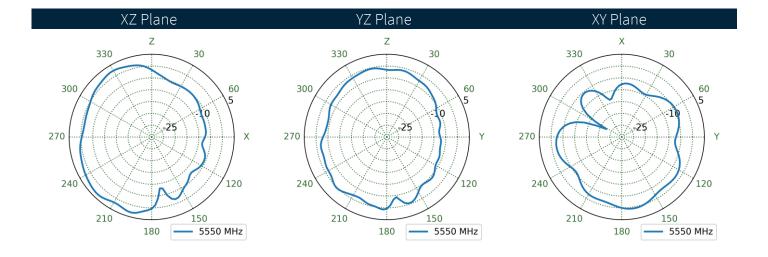






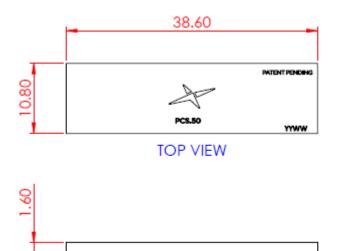




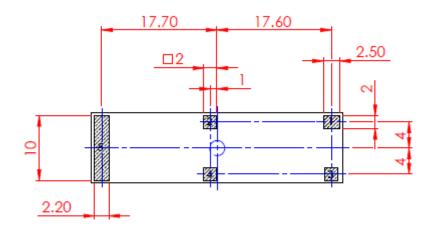




13. Mechanical Drawing - Antenna





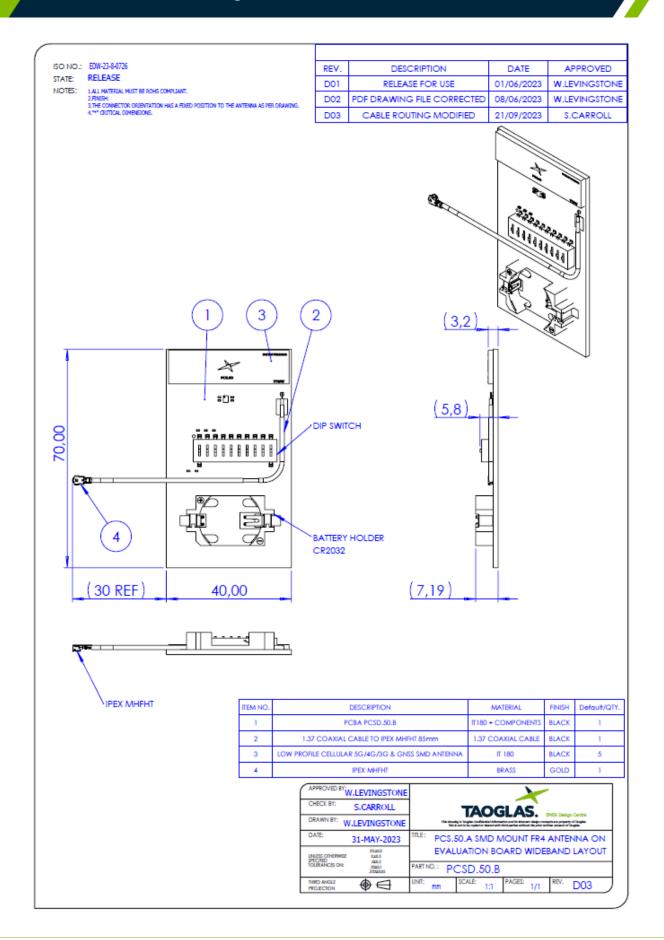




PIN:	DESCRIPTION:
1	FEED (50 OHM)
2	GND
3,4,5	NC

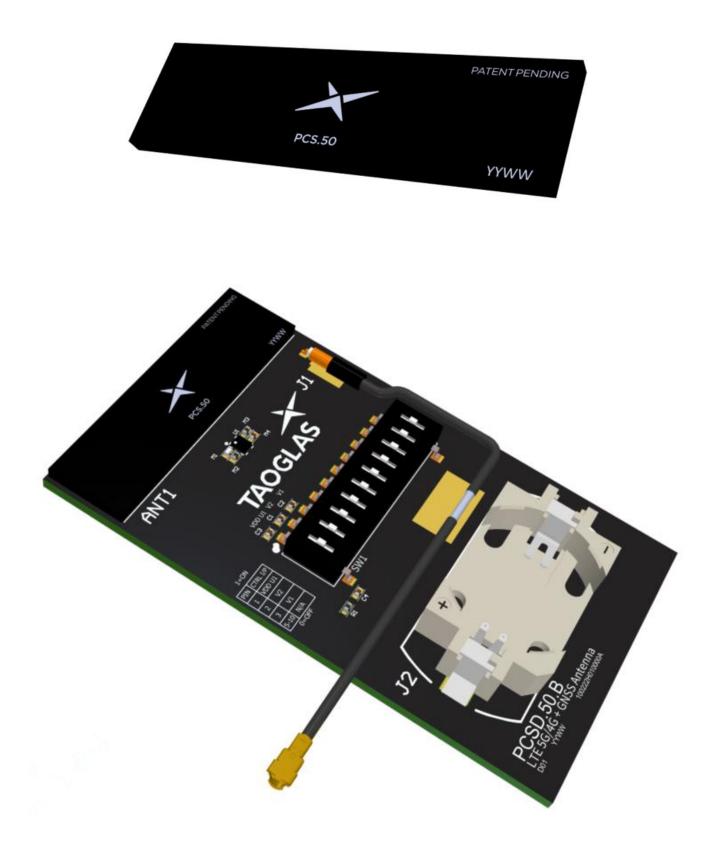


14. Mechanical Drawing – Eval Board





15. Antenna Integration Guide

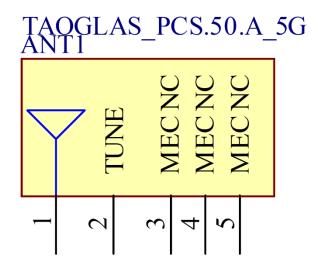




15.1 Schematic and Symbol Definition

The circuit symbol for the antenna is shown below. The antenna has 5 pins with only two pins (Pin 1 and Pin 2) as functional. Pins 3, 4 and 5 are not connected.

Pin	Description	
1	RF Feed	
2	Tuning	
3, 4, 5	Not Connected	



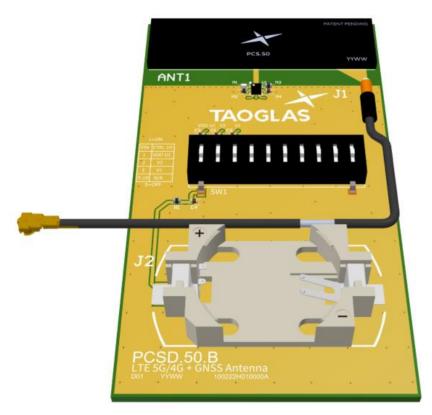


15.2 Antenna Integration

Whatever the size of the PCB, the antenna should ideally be placed on the PCB's shortest side, to take advantage of the ground plane. Optimized matching components can be placed as shown.



With Top Solder Mask

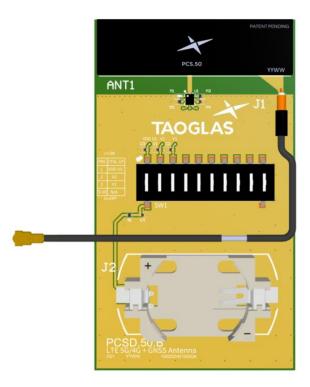


Without Top Solder Mask

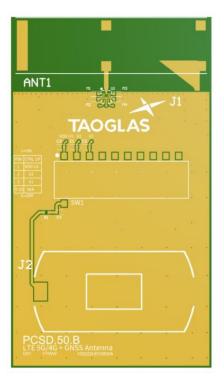


15.3 PCB Layout

The footprint and clearance on the PCB must meet the antenna specification. An example of the PCB layout shows the antenna footprint with clearance.



With Components

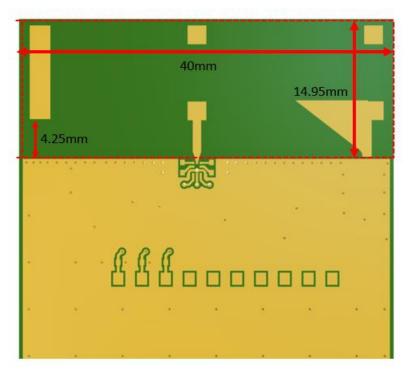


Without Components

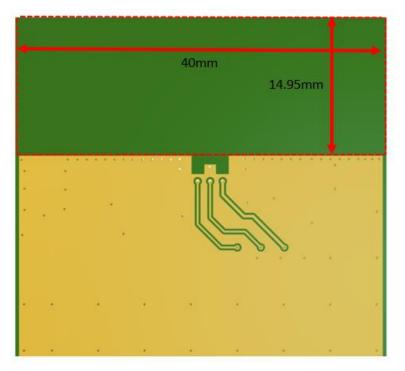


15.4 PCB Clearance

Below shows the antenna footprint and clearance through ALL layers on the PCB. Only the antenna pads and connections to feed and GND are present within this clearance area (marked RED). The clearance area extends to 4.25mm from the antenna mechanical pads to the ground area. This clearance area includes the bottom side and ALL internal layers on the PCB.



Topside



Bottom Side

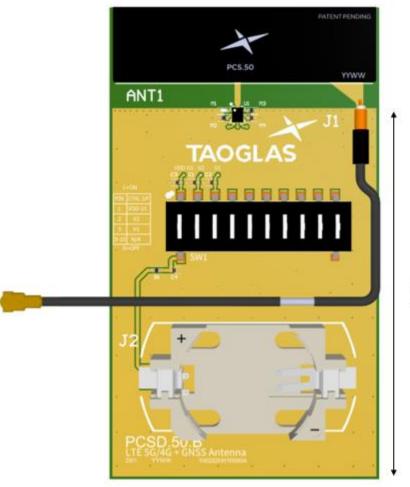


15.5 Evaluation Board





15.6 Evaluation Board Ground Plane Length

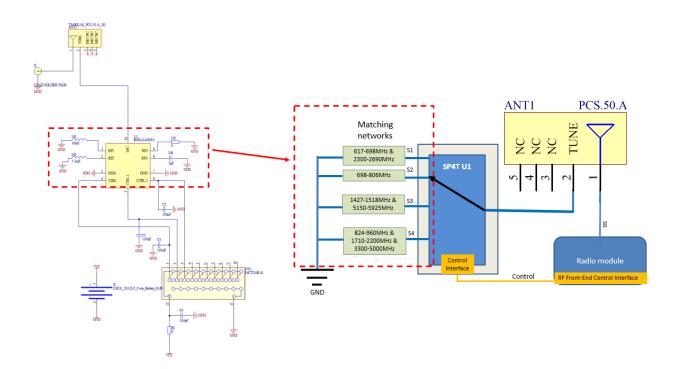


Ground Plane Length 54.6mm



15.7 Evaluation Board Matching Circuit

The matching components M1-M4 are connected to the SP4T switch. These are used to tune the antenna resonances. The values for these components are shown in the mapping table below.

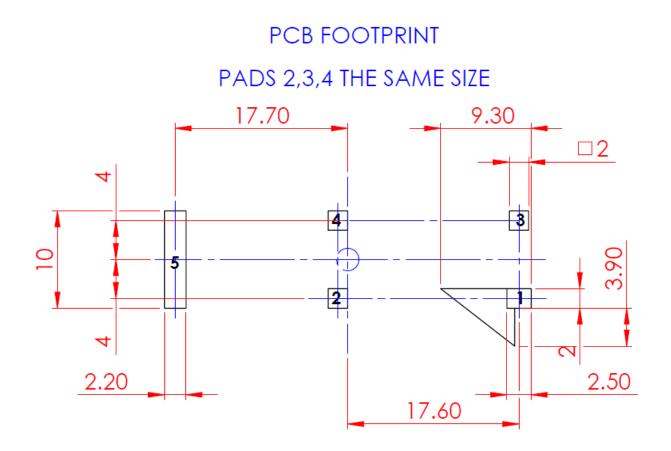


CTRL1=PIN2	CTRL2=PIN3	SP4T State	Matching Components	Frequency coverage
0	0	S1:M1-ANT	10nH, MLK1005S10NJT000	617-698MHz & 2300-2690MHz
0	1	S2:M2-ANT	5.1nH MLK1005S5N1ST000	698-806MHz
1	0	S3:M3-ANT	0 ohms	1427-1518MHz & 5150-5925MHz
1	1	S4:M4-ANT	5pF GJM1555C1H5R0BB01D	824-960MHz & 1710-2200MHz & 3300-5000MHz



15.8 Footprint

Below shows the antenna mounting footprint for 5G this displays recommended size and layout of the pads on the PCB. These pads are numbered to correspond with the pads on the antenna.

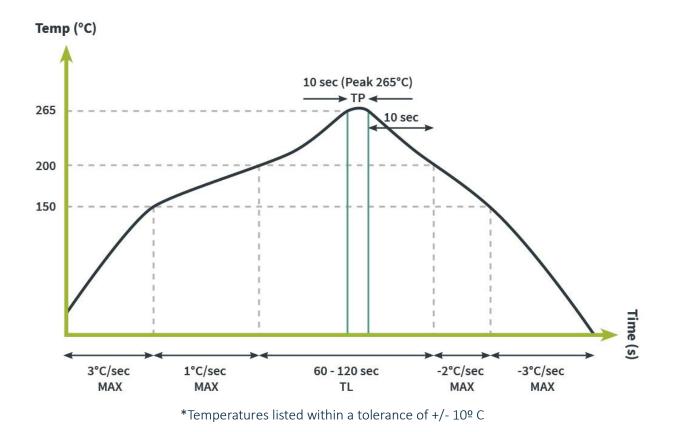


PIN:	DESCRIPTION:	
1	FEED (50 OHM)	
2	GND	
3,4,5	NC	



16. Solder Reflow Profile

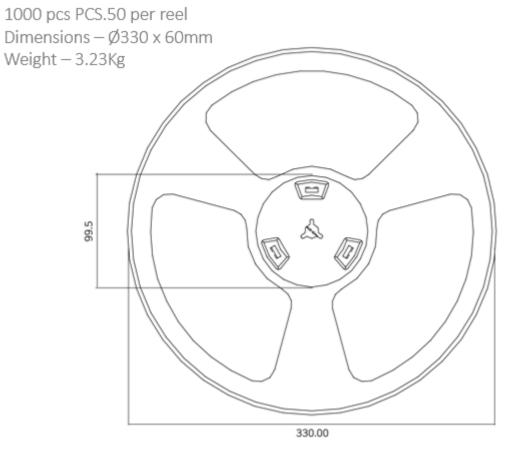
The PCS.50 can be assembled by following the recommended soldering temperatures are as follows:

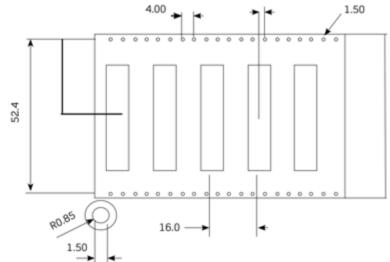


Smaller components are typically mounted on the first pass, however, we do advise mounting the PCS.50 when placing larger components on the board during subsequent reflows.

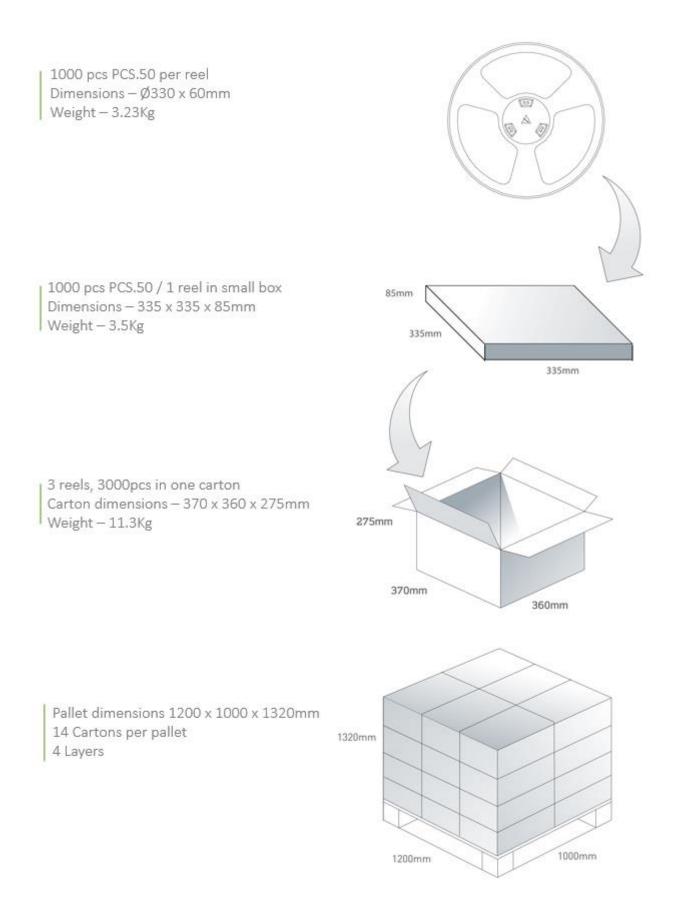


17. Packaging











Changelog for the datasheet

SPE-21-8-119 - PCS.50.A

Revision: F (Current Version)	
Date:	2024-11-18
Changes:	Updated frequency on cover page
Changes Made by:	Conor McGrath

Previous Revisions

Revision: E	
Date:	2023-10-18
Changes:	Full datasheet update with addition of PCSD.50.B results.
Changes Made by:	Gary West

Revision: D	
Date:	2023-01-18
Changes:	Updated PCB Layout
Changes Made by:	Gavin Mackey

Revision: C	
Date:	2023-01-12
Changes:	Updated PCB Images and Components
Changes Made by:	Gavin Mackey

Revision: B	
Date:	2022-08-30
Changes:	Updated data.
Changes Made by:	Gary West

Revision: A (First Release)	
Date:	2021-12-06
Changes:	First Release
Changes Made by:	Gary West





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