



TAOGLAS®



Datasheet

L1/L2 Surface Mount GNSS Front-End Module

Part No:
TFM.100A

Description

Surface mount GNSS front-end module covering L1/L2

Features:

- Two-stage LNA providing >25 dB Gain across all bands
- Low Noise Figure: <3.25 dB in low bands and <3.0 dB in high bands
- Vin = +1.8 to +5.5 VDC
- Easy to integrate surface-mount
- Dimensions: 20 x 18 x 2.76 mm
- RoHS & Reach Compliant

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1. Introduction



The Taoglas TFM.100A is a surface-mount active electronics GNSS front-end which covers L1/L2 for multiband multi-constellation high-precision applications. The TFM.100A is a dual input, single output module and features a SAW/LNA/SAW/LNA topology in the signal path to prevent unwanted out-of-band interference from overdriving the GNSS LNAs or receiver. The SAW filters have been carefully selected and placed to provide excellent out-of-band rejection while also maintaining low noise figure.

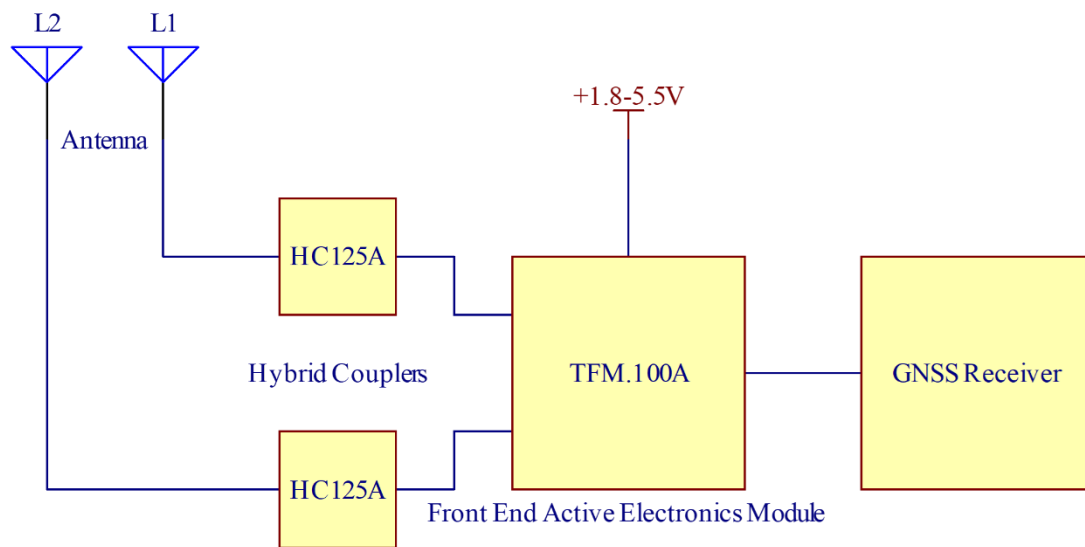
Many currently available dual-band GNSS receivers require additional RF circuits between the antenna and the receiver to properly set the overall system noise figure. This requires additional development time for an otherwise simple module integration. Many organizations don't have the RF expertise to effectively design such a solution. The TFM.100A captures the required additional RF circuits in modular form, allowing the designer to simply place the TFM.100A between their GNSS antenna and GNSS receiver.

The TFM.100A offers > 25 dB gain across all applicable bands while maintaining a high P1dB of -24 dBm or better. Noise Figure is < 3.25 dB in the low bands and < 3.0 dB in the high bands. A wide input voltage of +1.8 to +5.5 VDC allows for easy integration in most GNSS systems.

TFM.100A Features and Benefits:

- Ease-of-integration – Single-package solution combines impedance matching, filter efficiency and low noise design for easy, drop-in use with any antenna or GNSS receiver
- Low-noise System Design – Integrated pre-filters deliver exceptional out-of-band rejection across multiple band configurations and neighboring interference to properly set noise figure
- Dual-gain Stage Architecture – Cascaded LNAs, pre-filters and optimized impedance matching deliver sufficient gain to the GNSS receiver without signal-to-noise overload
- Low-profile Form Factor – Small footprint and low-profile design saves valuable real estate without the need for external components and routing
- Accelerated Development Cycles – 2+ years of development by antenna and RF design experts, delivering the highest levels of integration, manufacturability and robustness in a single package

For further information, please contact your regional Taoglas customer support team.



Block diagram of the integration for the TFM.100A.

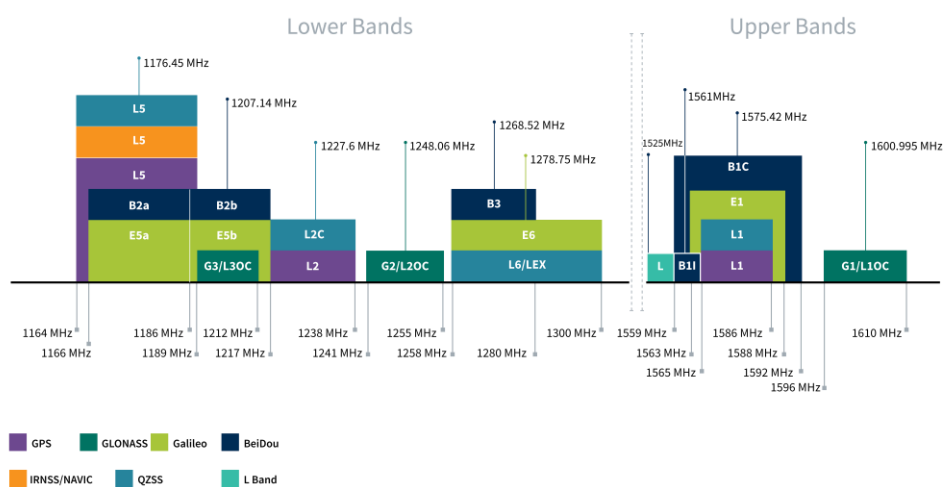
We used the [HP24510A](#) to demonstrate the integration of this module but please note that we have other compatible antennas that can also be used alongside the TFM.100A please see table below.

Compatible Antennas
HP24510A (Hybrid Coupler Required)
GPDF357.A (No Hybrid Coupler Required)
GPDF357.B (No Hybrid Coupler Required)

Taoglas also offers the [TFM.100B](#) for L1+B1+G1/L5 applications.

2. Specification

GNSS Frequency Bands					
GPS	L1 1575.42 MHz	L2 1227.6 MHz	L5 1176.45 MHz		
	■	■	□		
GLONASS	G1 1602 MHz	G2 1248 MHz	G3 1207 MHz		
	■	□	□		
Galileo	E1 1575.24 MHz	E5a 1176.45 MHz	E5b 1201.5 MHz	E6 1278.75 MHz	
	■	□	□	□	
BeiDou	B1C 1575.42 MHz	B1I 1561 MHz	B2a 1176.45 MHz	B2b 1207.14 MHz	B3 1268.52 MHz
	■	□	□	□	□
L-Band	L-Band 1542 MHz				
	□				
QZSS (Regional)	L1 1575.42 MHz	L2C 1227.6 MHz	L5 1176.45 MHz	L6 1278.75e6	
	■	■	□	□	
IRNSS (Regional)	L5 1176.45 MHz				
	□				
SBAS	L1/E1/B1 1575.42 MHz	L5/B2a/E5a 1176.45 MHz	G1 1602 MHz	G2 1248 MHz	G3 1207 MHz
	■	□	■	□	□



GNSS Bands and Constellations

Electrical						
Frequency (MHz)	1197	1227	1249	1559	1575.42	1606
Noise Figure (dB)	2.9	3.2	3.2	2.5	2.2	2.9
Gain (dB)	28	28	26	26	27	25
Group Delay (ns)	46	31	36	36	29	33
Input P1dB (dBm)	-23	-23	-21	-22	-22	-21
Input Return Loss (dB)	-19	-19	-10	-15	-15	-9
Output Return Loss	-6	-7	-6	-7	-8	-8
Vin	+1.8 to +5.5 VDC					
Typical Current (@1.8V)	7.5 – 9.0mA					

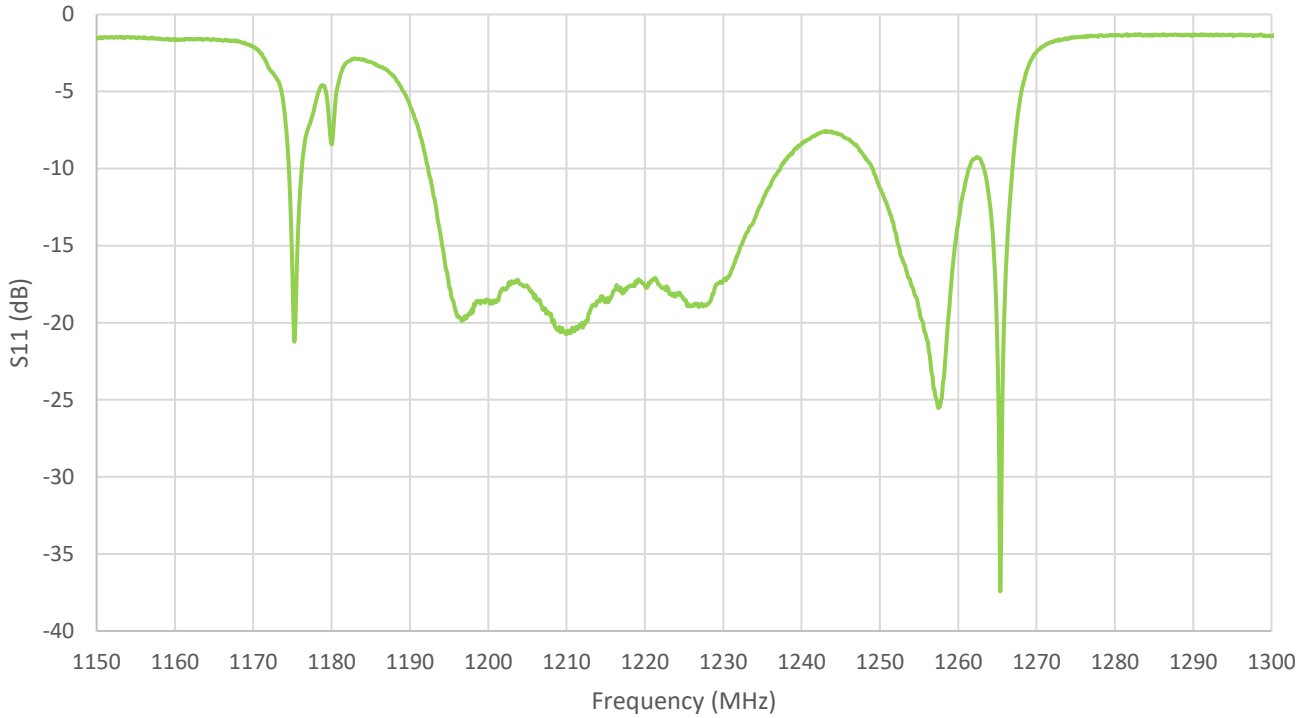
*Note: Tested on an evaluation board. Board losses removed.

Mechanical	
Height	2.76 mm max.
Planar Dimension	20 mm x 18 mm
Weight	2g

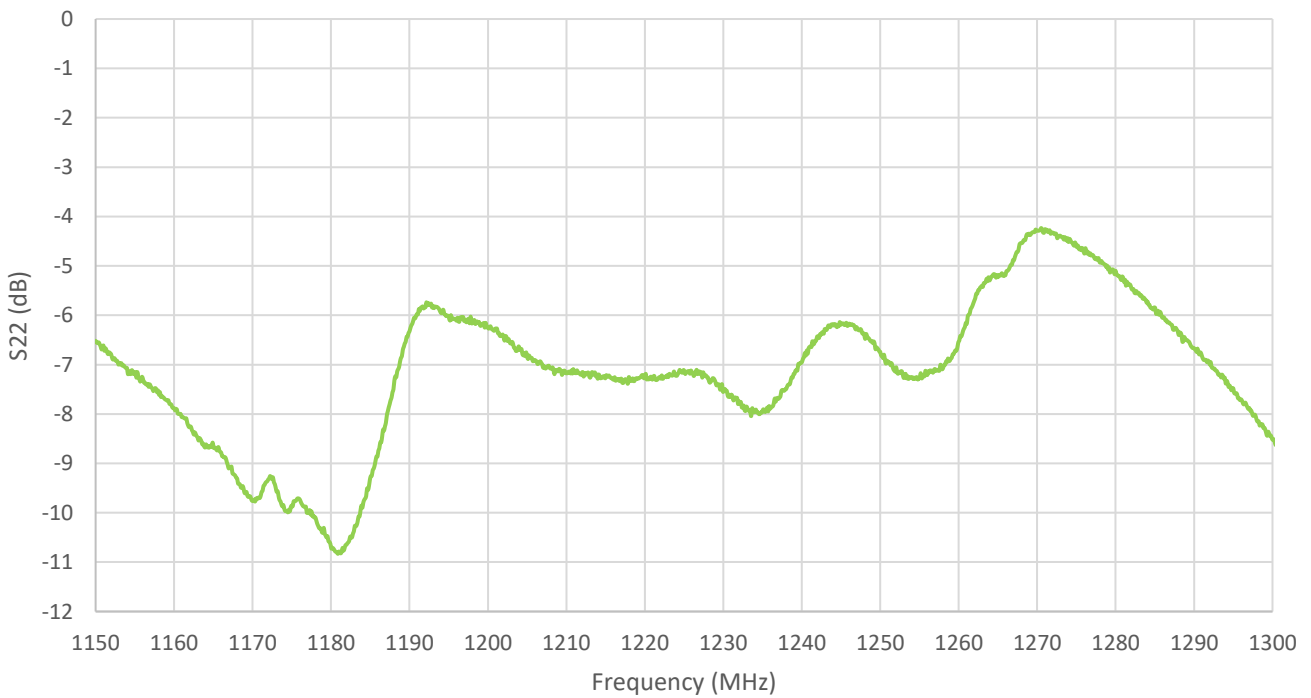
Environmental	
Temperature Range	-40°C to 85°C
RoHS Compliant	Yes
REACH Compliant	Yes

3. FEM Low Band Characteristics

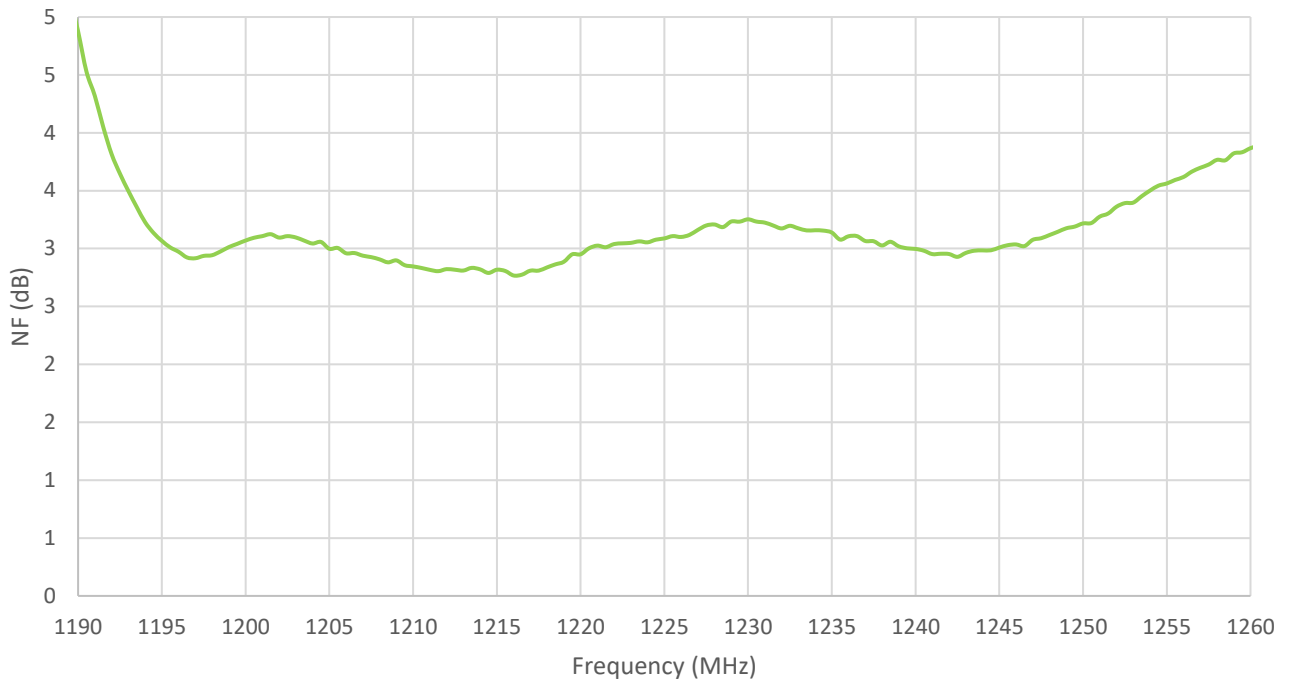
3.1 Low Band Input Return Loss



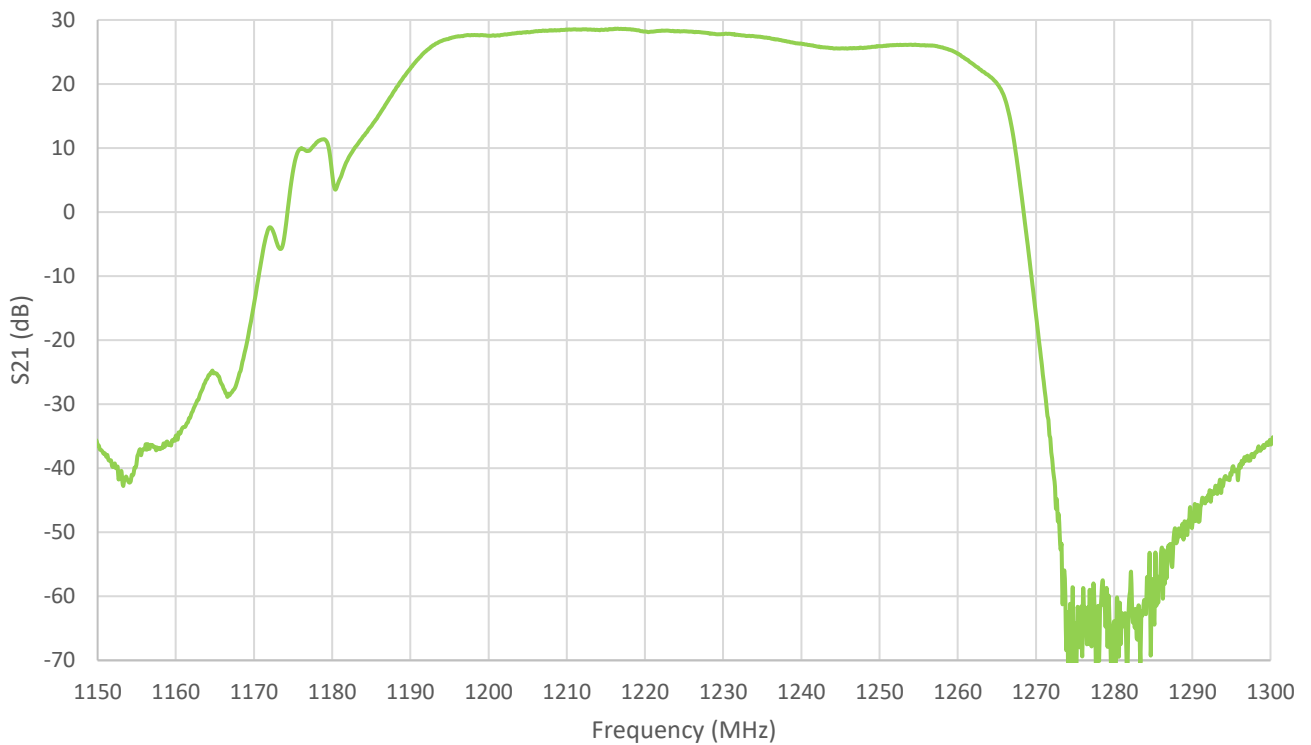
3.2 Low Band Output Return Loss



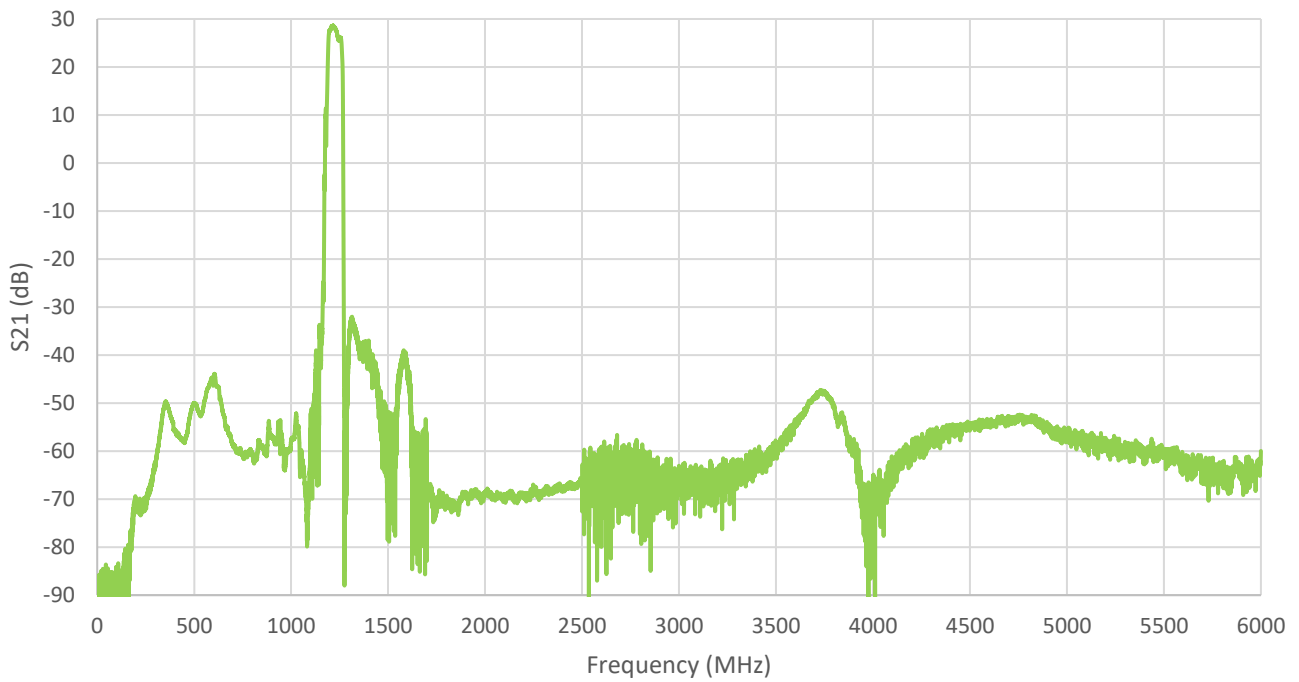
3.3 Low Band Noise Figure



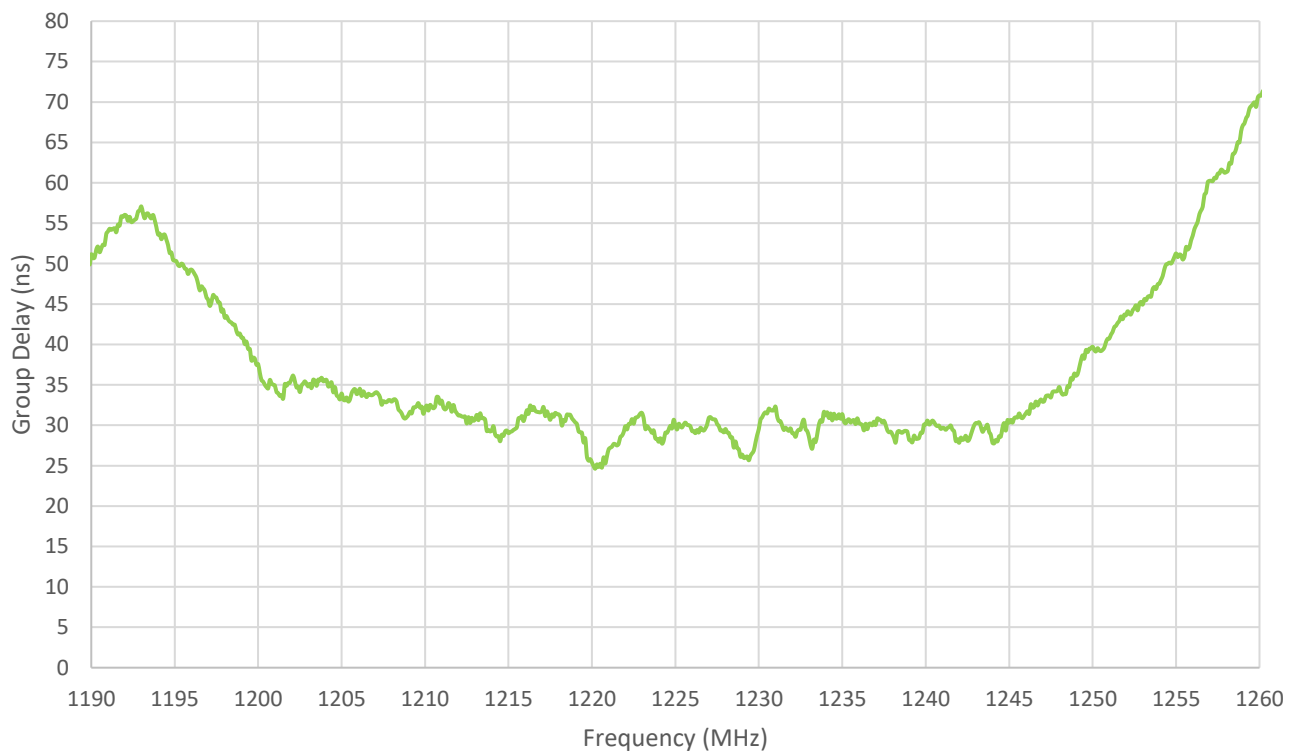
3.4 Low Band Gain



3.5 Low Band Gain and Attenuation

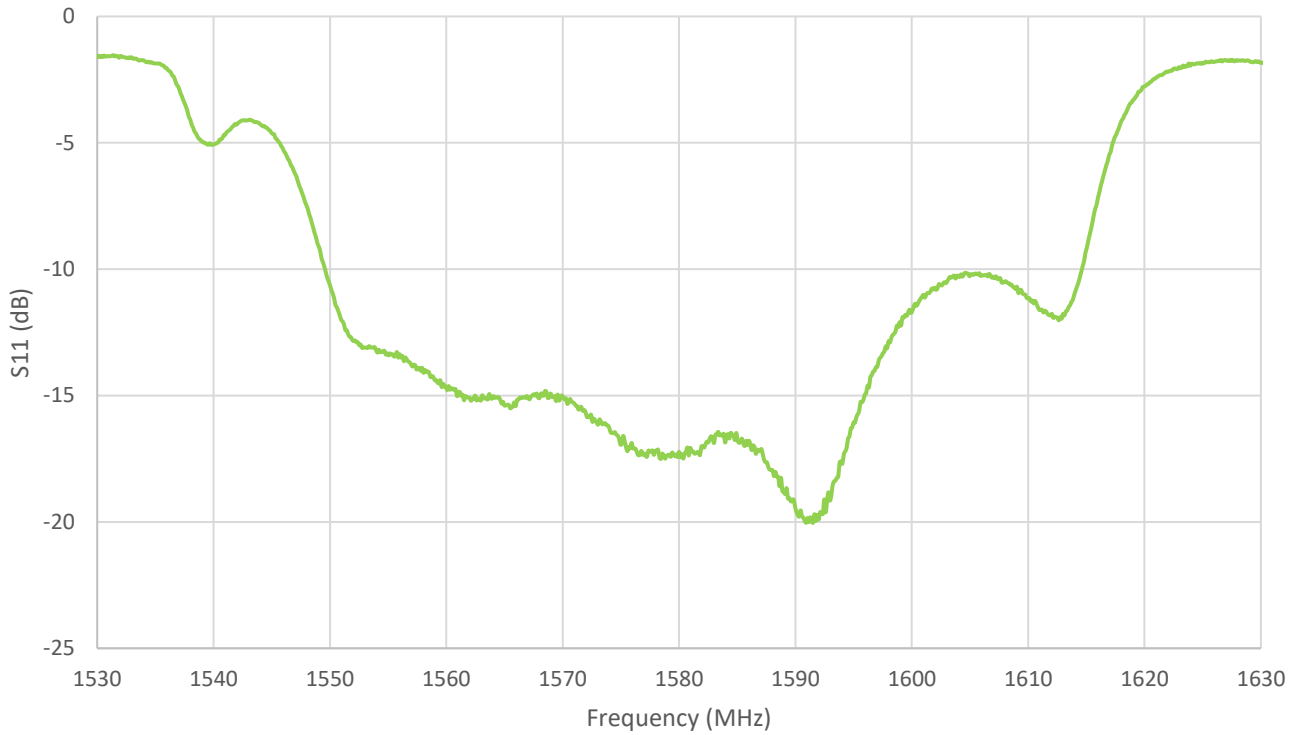


3.6 Low Band Group Delay

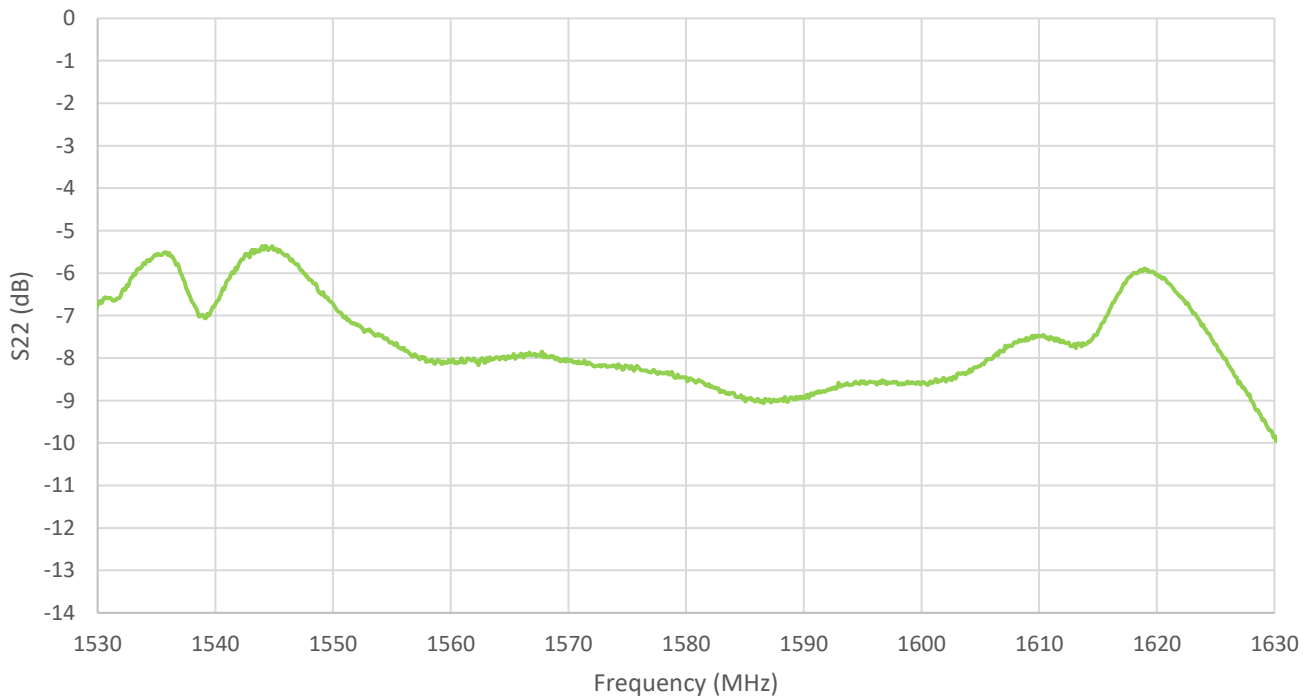


4. FEM High Band Characteristics

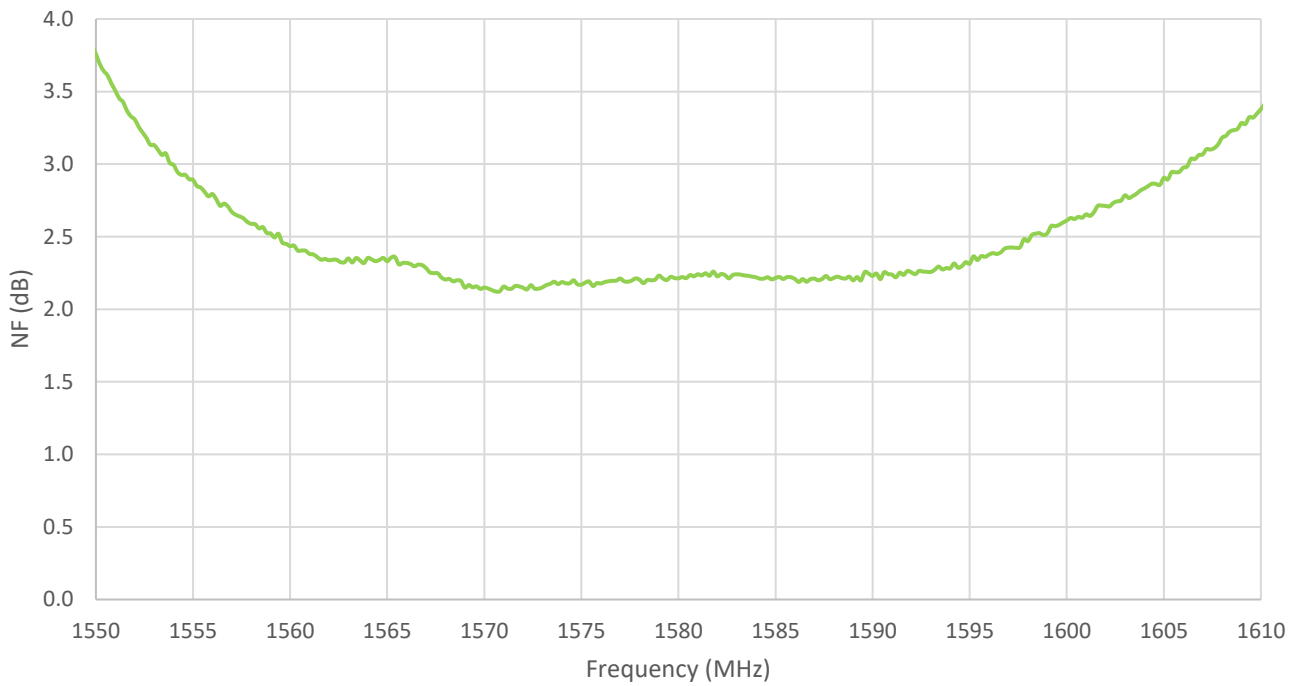
4.1 High Band Input Return Loss



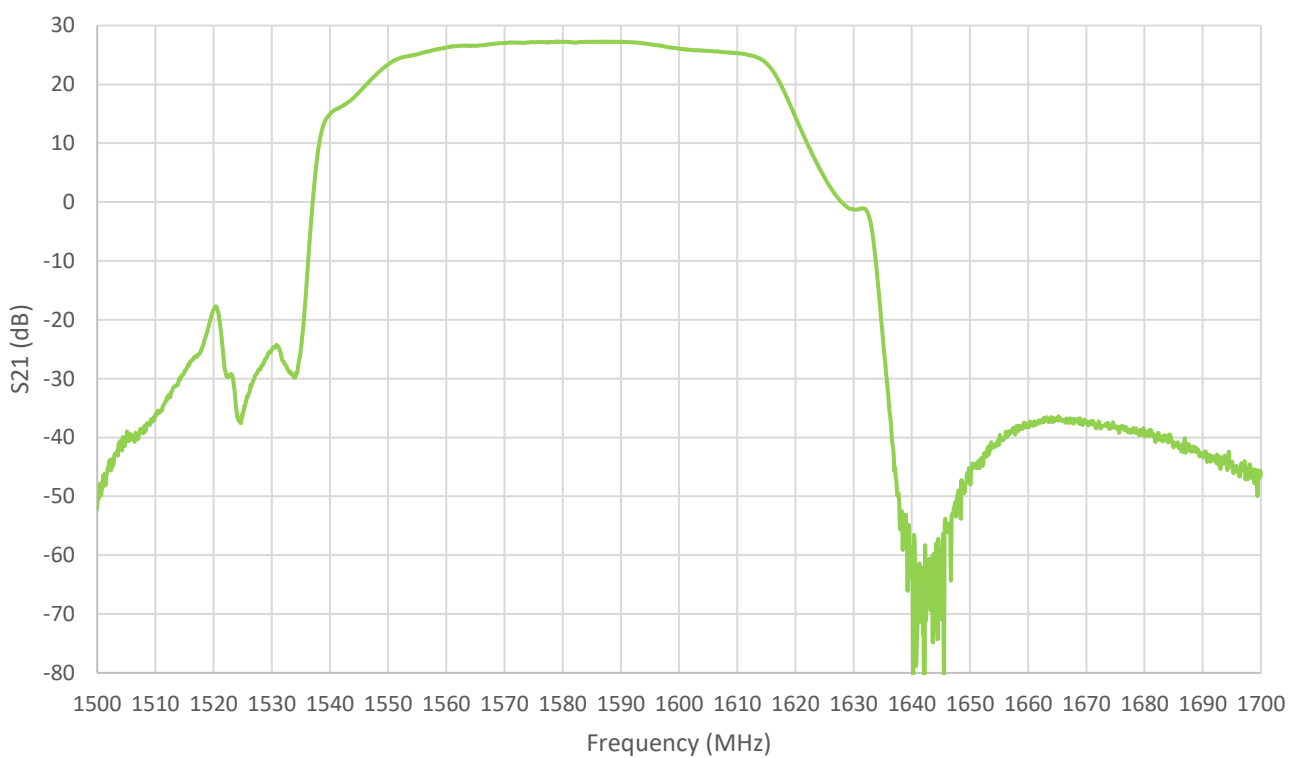
4.2 High Band Output Return Loss



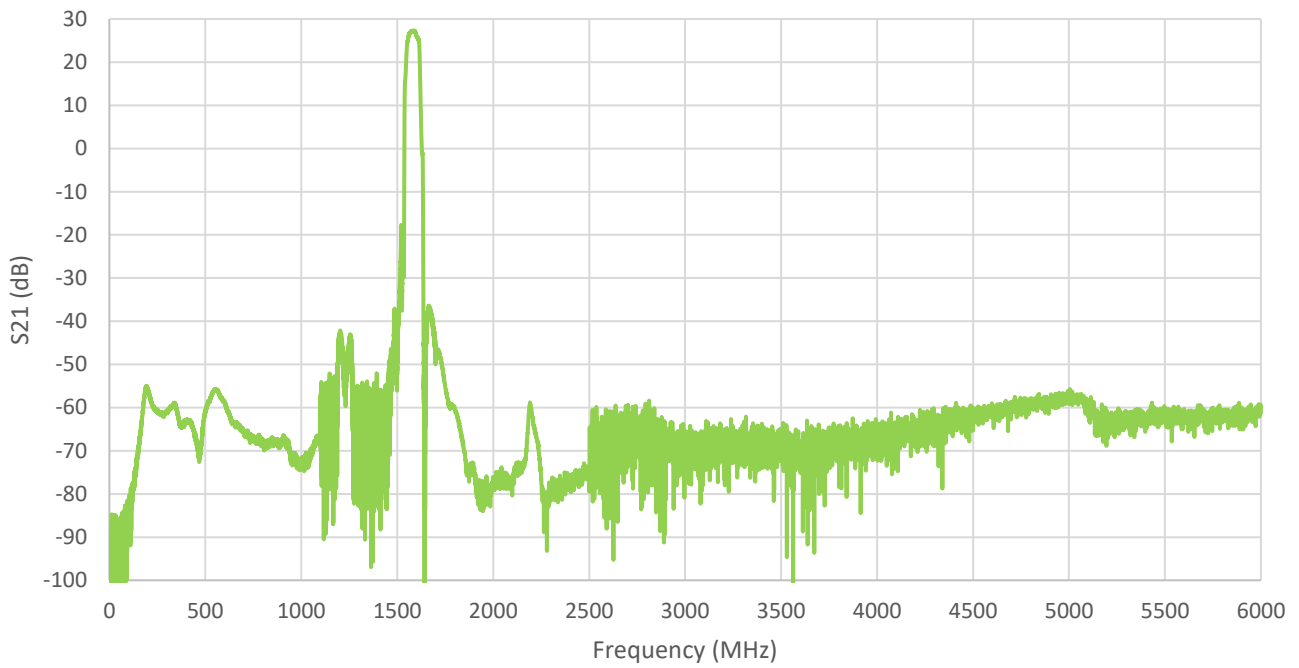
4.3 High Band Noise Figure



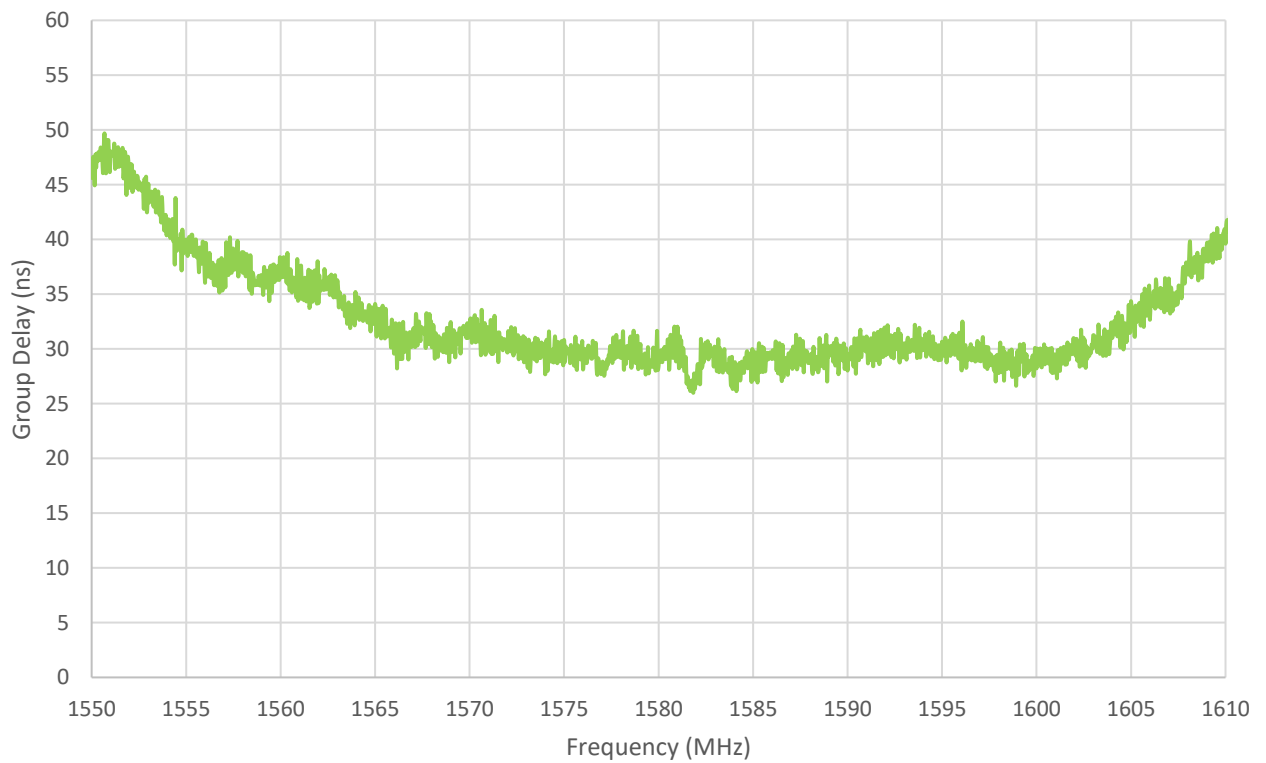
4.4 High Band Gain



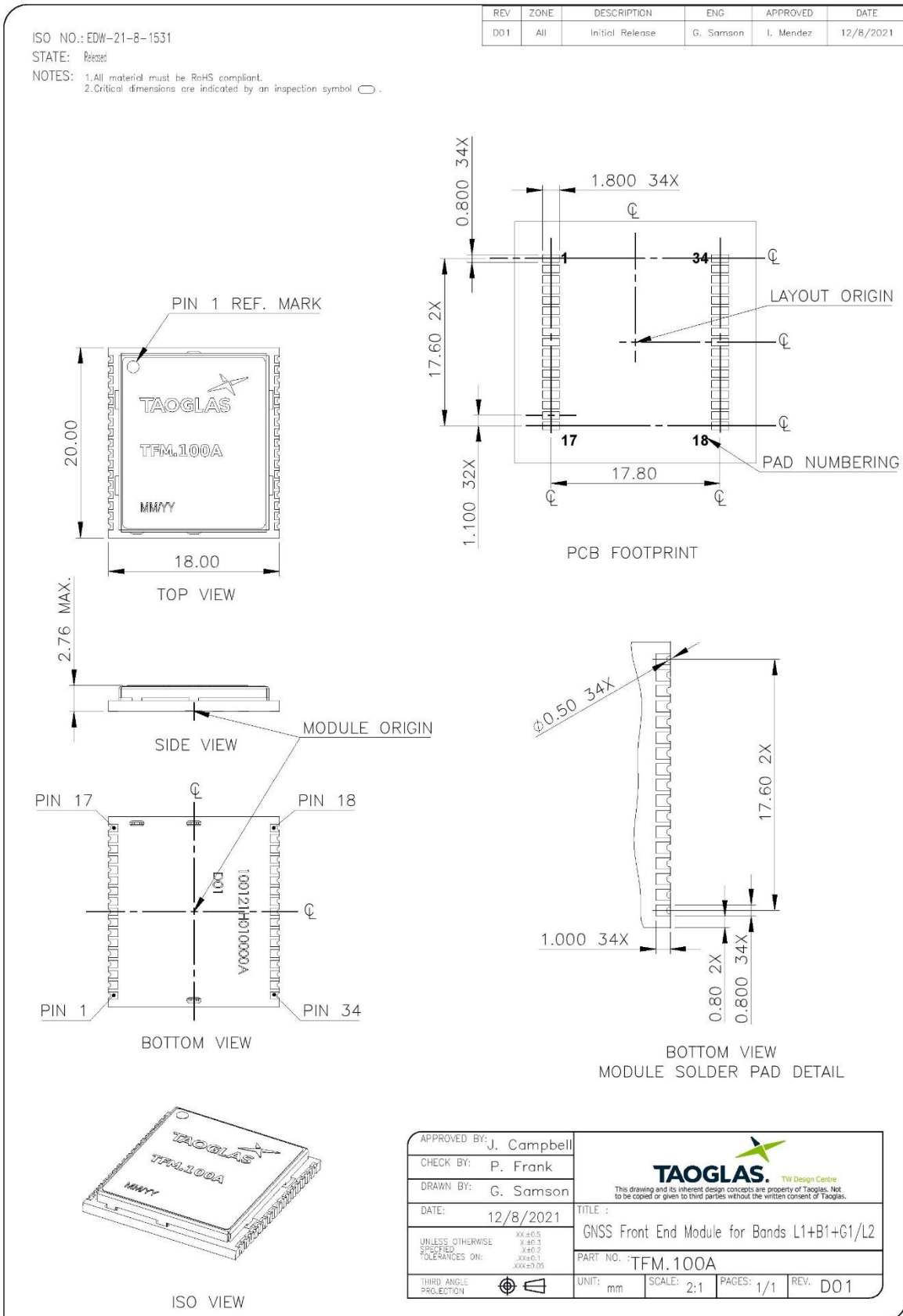
4.5 High Band Gain and Attenuation



4.6 High Band Group Delay



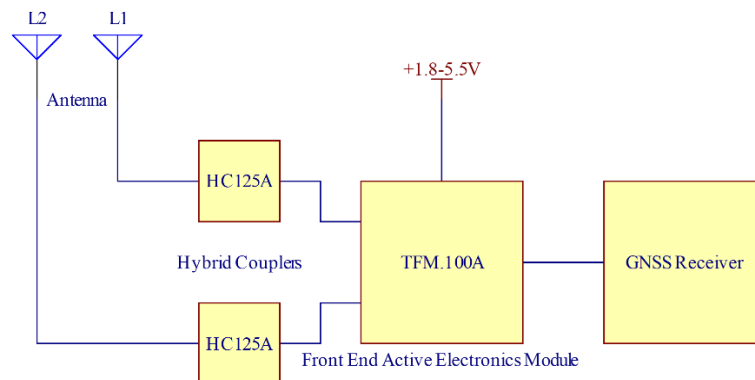
5. Mechanical Drawing



APPROVED BY: J. Campbell	 <small>TW Design Centre</small> This drawing and its inherent design concepts are property of Taoglas. Not to be copied or given to third parties without the written consent of Taoglas.					
CHECK BY: P. Frank						
DRAWN BY: G. Samson	TITLE : GNSS Front End Module for Bands L1+B1+G1/L2					
DATE: 12/8/2021	PART NO. : TFM.100A					
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED TOLERANCES ON: <table border="0"> <tr><td>XX±0.5</td></tr> <tr><td>X±0.3</td></tr> <tr><td>X±0.2</td></tr> <tr><td>XXX±0.1</td></tr> <tr><td>XXX±0.05</td></tr> </table>	XX±0.5	X±0.3	X±0.2	XXX±0.1	XXX±0.05	UNIT: mm SCALE: 2:1 PAGES: 1/1 REV. D01
XX±0.5						
X±0.3						
X±0.2						
XXX±0.1						
XXX±0.05						
THIRD ANGLE PROJECTION						

6. Module Integration

The following is an example on how to integrate the TFM.100A into a design. In this example, the [HP24510A \(L1/L2\)](#) is used as the antenna. This antenna has four pins, two pins are used for the L1 band and two pins are used for the L2 band. Hybrid couplers ([HC125A](#)) are used to combine the feeds for each of the bands, to create a Right hand circular polarized (RHCP) signal, before being presented to the corresponding inputs on the TFM.100A. The TFM.100A is powered from a separate power DC supply (1.8V-5.5V). The output of the TFM.100A can then be fed to a relevant GNSS receiver module. Taoglas recommends using a minimum of 70x70mm ground plane (PCB) to ensure optimal performance.



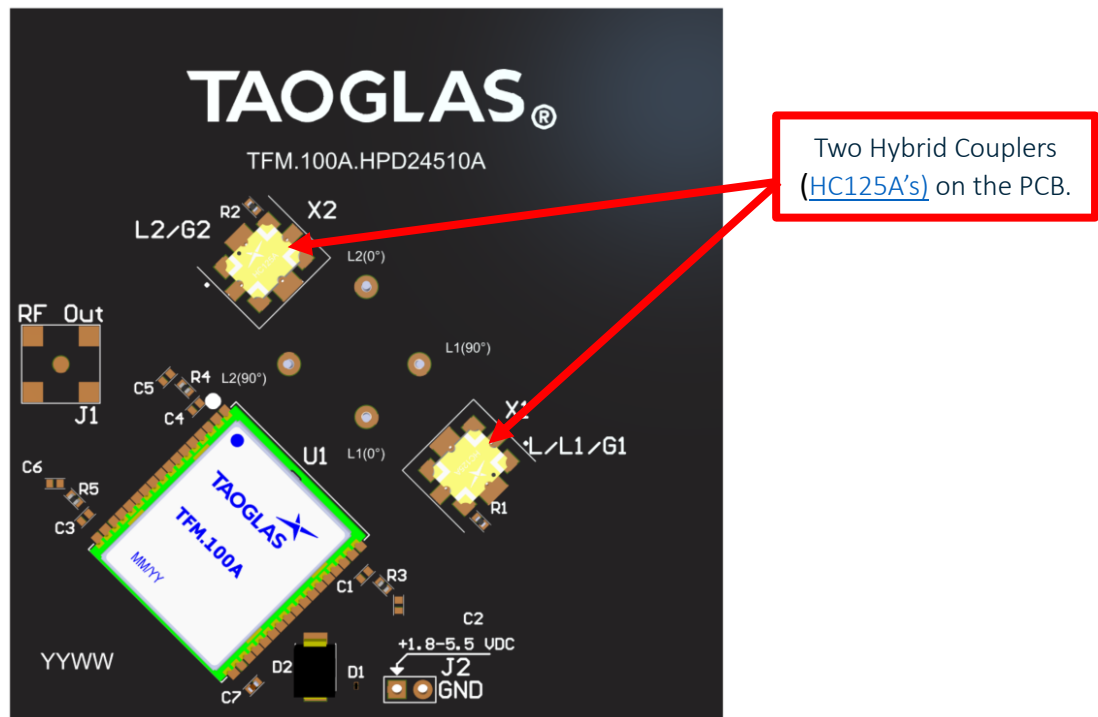
Block Diagram of integration of the TFM.100A



Top and bottom view of PCB.

Please find the Integration files in Altium, 2D formats and the 3D model for the TFM.100A here: <https://www.taoglas.com/product/smt-gnss-front-end-module-l1l2/>

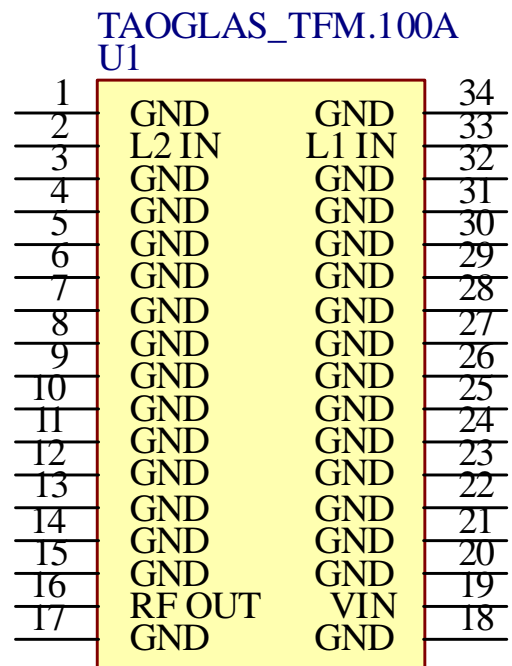
6.1 Schematic Symbol and Pin Definitions



Above is a 3D model of the TFM.100A and two [HC125A's](#) on the PCB.

The circuit symbol for the TFM.100A is shown below. The front-end module has 34 pins as indicated below.

Pin	Description
1, 3-15, 17-18, 20-32, 34	Ground
2	L2 Input
16	RF Signal Output
19	Voltage Input
33	L1 Input



Above is a schematic symbol of TFM.100A and a table of the pin definitions.

6.2 Schematic Layout

The [HP24510A](#) uses two orthogonal feeds that need to be combined in a hybrid coupler to ensure optimal axial ratio and RHCP Gain is achieved. Taoglas recommends our [HC125A](#), a high-performance hybrid coupler specifically engineered for use with our multi feed patches.

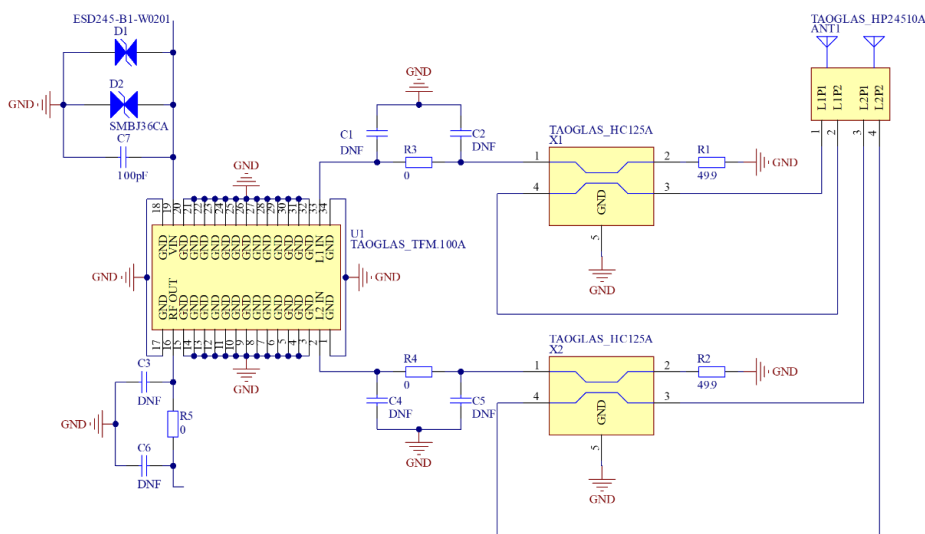
Two [HC125A's](#) are required for this GNSS antenna, one for the high band (1559- 1610MHz) and another for the low band (1189MHz – 1254MHz). These hybrid couplers should be placed close to the antenna pins and terminated correctly using a 49.9 Ohm resistor. In addition, the RF Feeds from the antenna pins for each band to the hybrid couplers must be equal in length. (Please refer to our integration files)

The output of each of the hybrid couplers can be fed into the relevant inputs of the TFM.100A module.

Matching components with the TFM.100A are required for the module to have optimal performance in the spaces specified in the schematic below. Additional matching components may be necessary for your device, Taoglas recommends incorporating extra component footprints, forming a “pi” network, between the TFM.100A and the [HC125A's](#). Matching components should also be placed between the RF output pin and the GNSS receiver module input pin.

Taoglas recommends placing an ESD diode and decoupling capacitor (100pF) on the input pin of the supply rail.

Note: The RF In & RF out of the TFM module are all DC-blocked internally. External DC block capacitors are not required.



Schematic above shows how the TFM.100A and [HP24510A](#) are integrated.

Designator	Type	Value	Manufacturer	Manufacturer Part Number
C1, C2, C3, C4, C5, C6	Capacitor	Not Fitted	-	-
C7	Capacitor	100pF	Murata	GRM1555C1H101JA01D
D1	Diode	-	Infineon	ESD245B1W0201E6327XTSA1
D2	Diode	-	Littelfuse	SMBJ36CA
R1, R2	Resistor	49.9 Ohms	Panasonic	ERJ-2RKF49R9X
R3, R4, R5	Resistor	0 Ohms	YAGEO	RC0402JR-070RL

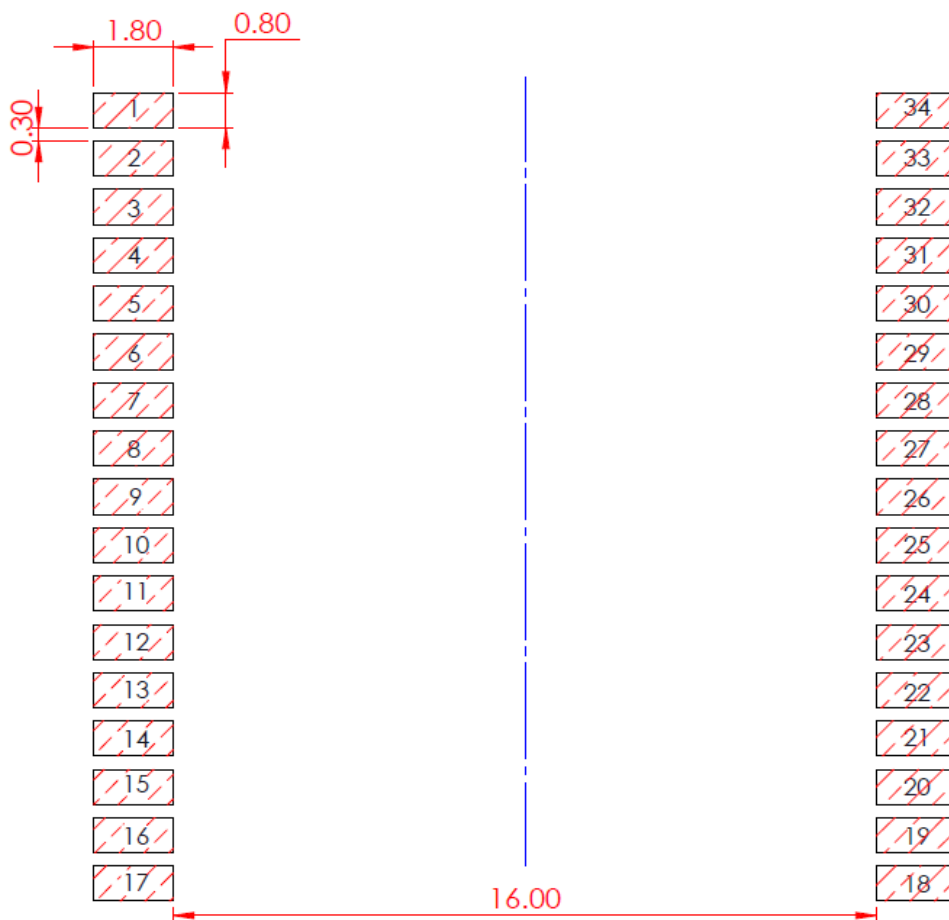
6.3 Module Integration

The TFM.100A should be placed as close to the signal input and output as possible to shorten the length of the transmission lines. The RF IN/OUT traces must maintain a 50 Ohm transmission line. A Pi Matching Network is recommended for the RF IN transmission lines, the values and components for the matching circuit will depend on the tuning needed. Ground vias should be placed beside each ground pad and the DC Voltage input should be between +1.8 and +5.5 VDC. It's recommended that the DC Voltage input should be coupled with a 100pF Capacitor and an ESD Diode.



TFM.100A module mounted on a PCB, showing transmission lines and integration notes.

6.4 Module Footprint

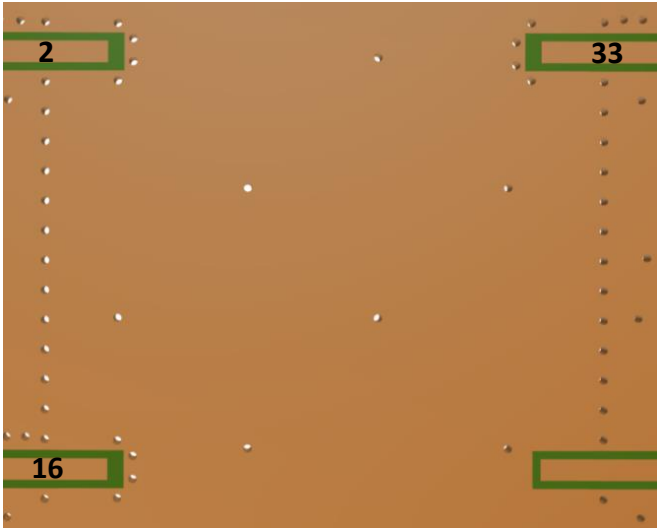


PIN	DESCRIPTION	PIN	DESCRIPTION
1	GND	18	GND
2	L2 IN	19	VIN
3	GND	20	GND
4	GND	21	GND
5	GND	22	GND
6	GND	23	GND
7	GND	24	GND
8	GND	25	GND
9	GND	26	GND
10	GND	27	GND
11	GND	28	GND
12	GND	29	GND
13	GND	30	GND
14	GND	31	GND
15	GND	32	GND
16	RF OUT	33	LI IN
17	GND	34	GND

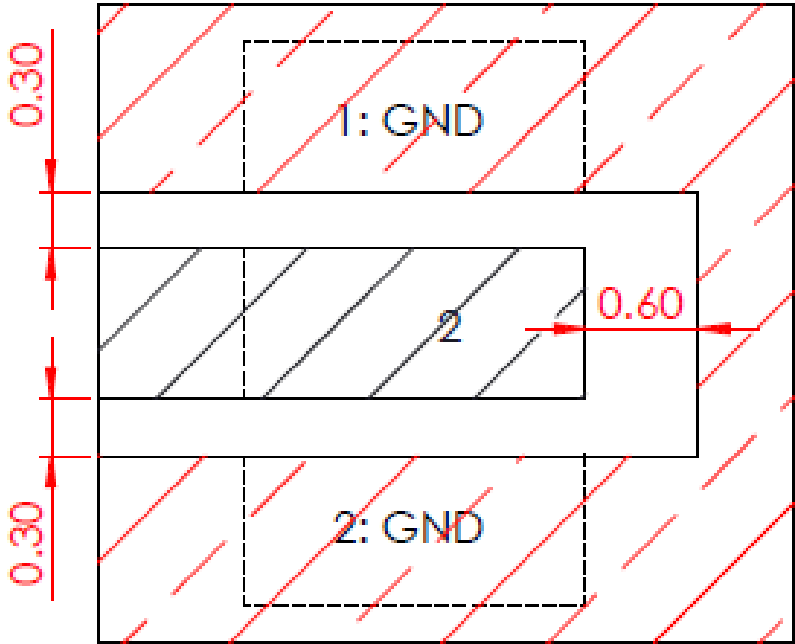
6.5 Copper Clearance for TFM.100A

The footprint and clearance on the PCB must comply with the front-end module's specification. The PCB layout shown in the diagrams below demonstrates the TFM.100A clearance area for Pin 16 (RF OUT Pad) and Pin 33 (L1 IN Pad). This clearance also applies to Pin 2 (L2 IN Pad). The copper keep out area only applies to the same layer that the TFM100.A has been placed on.

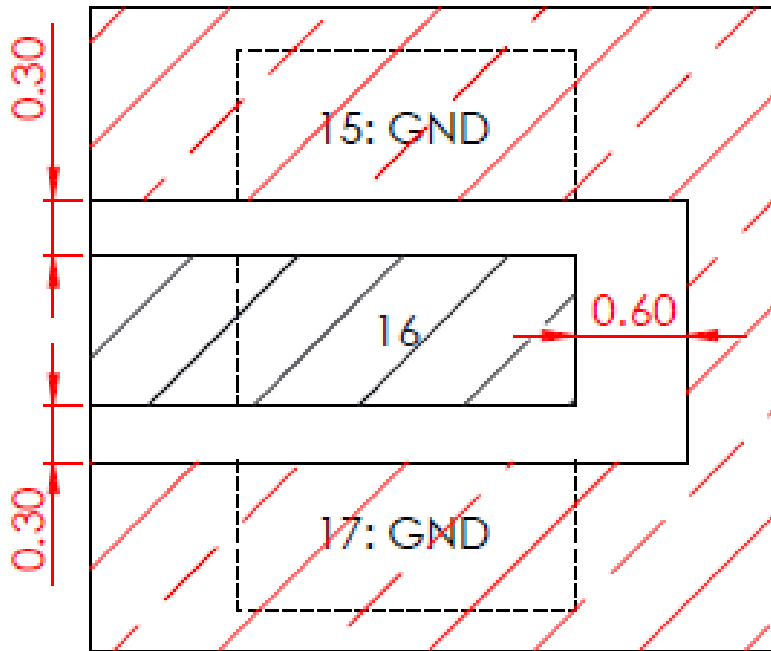
There should be 0.3mm copper clearance between the feed pad and ground pads with at least a 0.6mm copper clearance from the ground plane.



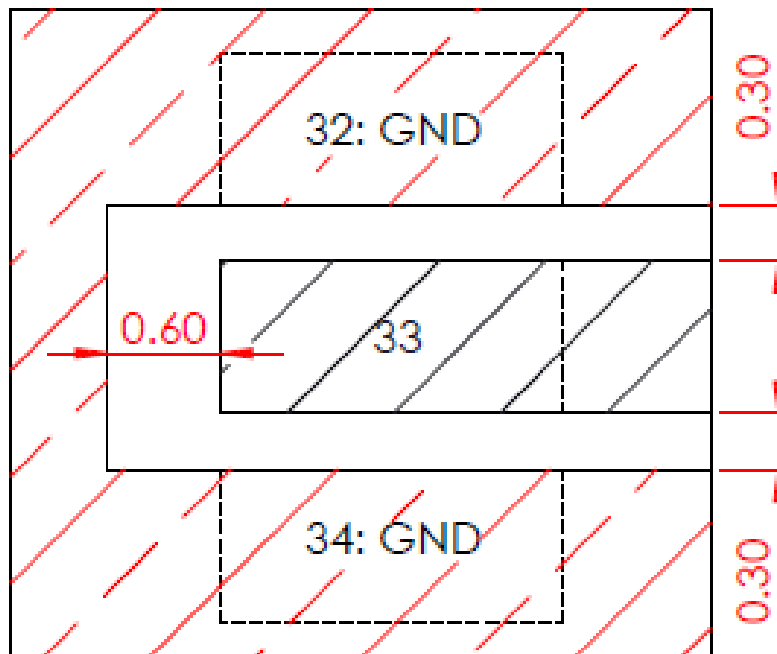
3D Image of Copper Clearance TFM.100A.



Copper Clearance for Pin 2 (L2 IN Pad) of the TFM.100A.



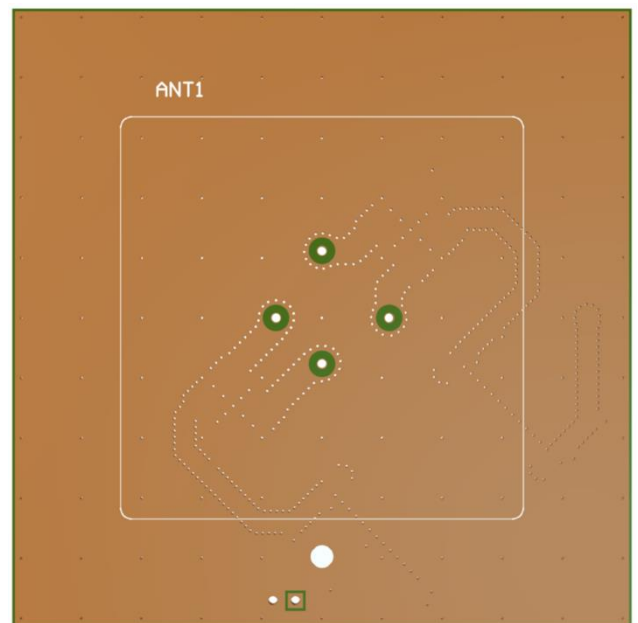
Copper Clearance for Pin 16 (RF OUT Pad) of the TFM.100A.



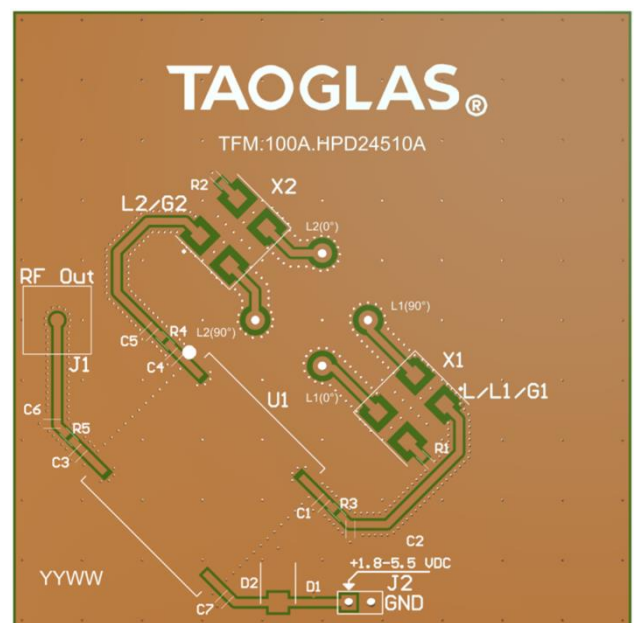
Copper Clearance for Pin 33 (L1 IN Pad) of the TFM.100A.

6.6 Final Integration

The bottom side image shown below highlights the antenna connection to the hybrid couplers ([HC125A's](#)). It highlights the outputs of the hybrid couplers connected to the relevant inputs of the TFM.100A module. It shows the 49.9 Ohm terminating resistor's necessary for the hybrid coupler's ([HC125A](#)). It also demonstrates the output of the TFM.100A module that needs to be connected to a GNSS receiver input. It displays the DC connection required with ESD diode and decoupling capacitor. Taoglas recommends using a minimum of 70x70mm ground plane (PCB) to ensure optimal performance.



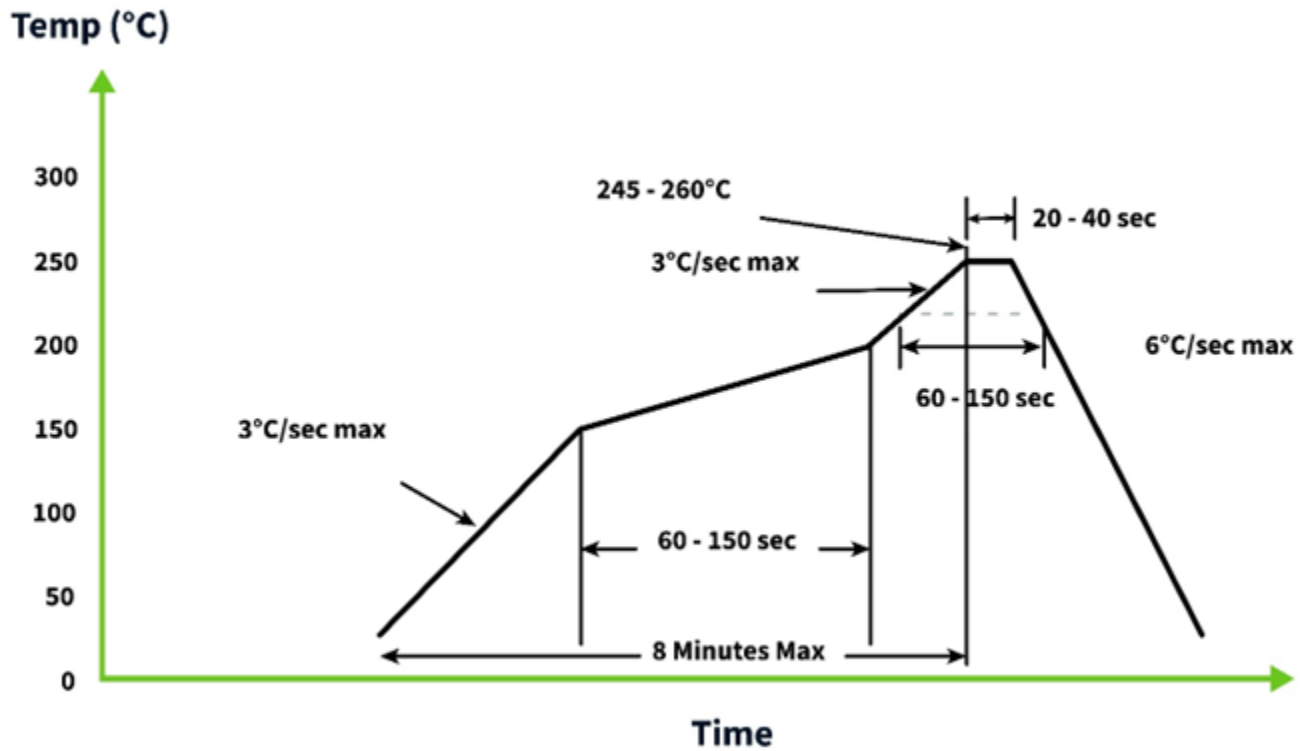
Top Side ([HP24510A](#) placement on 70x70mm PCB)



Bottom side (TFM.100A placement including [HC125A's](#))

7. Solder Recommendations

The TFM.100A can be assembled by following the recommended soldering temperatures are as follows:



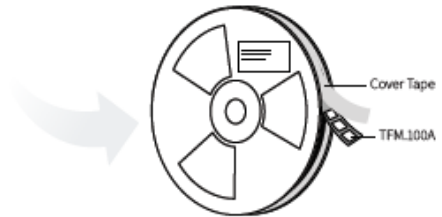
Smaller components are typically mounted on the first pass, however, we do advise mounting the TFM.100A when placing larger components on the board during subsequent reflows.

8. Packaging

600 PCS / Reel
SPQ Label



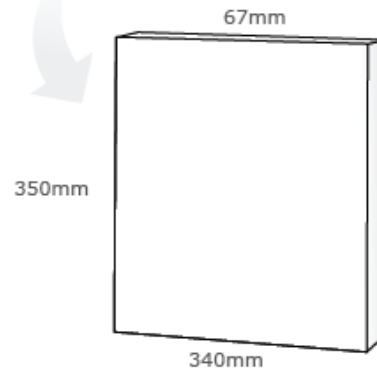
600 PCS / Vacuum bag
2 PCS / 3g Desiccant
1 PCS / Humidity test paper
SPQ Label



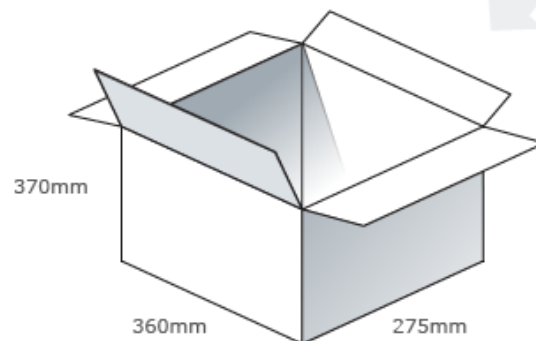
Caution Label
Product Label
SPQ Label



1 PCS / Box
Box(mm): 350x340x67
Weight (Kg): 2
SPQ Label



2400 PCS/ Carton
Carton(mm): 370x360x275
Weight (Kg): 8.8
Carton Label



Changelog for the datasheet

SPE-23-8-124 – TFM.100A

Revision: C (Current Version)

Date: 2023-11-23

Notes: Updated module integration guide & ME Drawings

Author: Gary West

Previous Revisions

Revision: B

Date: 2023-09-04

Notes: Updated solder reflow recommendations and electrical specification table

Author: Cesar Sousa

Revision: A (Original First Release)

Date: 2023-05-08

Notes: Initial Release

Author: Gary West



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